



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Deerfield Township Warren County 4900 Parkway Drive, Suite 150 Mason, Ohio 45040

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Deerfield Township, Warren County, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2016 wherein we noted that the Township adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and also GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Deerfield Township Warren County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2016

Deerfield Township



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Warren County, Ohio For The Year Ended December 31, 2015



Introductory Section

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Issued by: Fiscal Office

John Wahle

Fiscal Officer

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DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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Daniel J. Corey • Christopher Romano • Pete Patterson - Board of Trustees John Wahle - Fiscal Officer Bill Becker - Administrator

June 30, 2016

Citizens of Deerfield Township Trustees of Deerfield Township

Deerfield Township is pleased to submit to you our 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The report covers calendar year ending December 31, 2015. The CAFR includes financial statements and other financial and statistical data and conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that apply to governmental entities. Accuracy of the data presented, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, are the responsibility of the Township.

The report provides the taxpayers of Deerfield Township with comprehensive financial data in a format that will enable them to gain a true understanding of the financial affairs of the Township. This report will be published on the Ohio Auditors website and the Township website (<u>www.choosedeerfield.com</u>). A press release will be sent to the area media and hard copies will be provided upon request.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Deerfield Township's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Financial Statement Format

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Statement is divided into the following three sections:

- 1. Introductory Section
 - a. Table of Contents
 - b. Letter of Transmittal
 - c. List of Principal Officers
 - d. Township Organization Chart
- 2. Financial Section
 - a. Independent Auditors' Report
 - b. Management's Discussion and Analysis
 - c. Basic Financial Statements and Notes
 - d. Required Supplemental Information
 - e. Combining Statements by Fund Type
 - f. Non-major funds and other schedules that provide detailed information
- 3. Statistical Section
 - a. Financial Trends
 - b. Economic Data
 - c. Demographic Data

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TOWNSHIP OVERVIEW

Deerfield Township, founded in 1803, is located in southwestern Warren County. Deerfield is the largest jurisdiction in Warren County, with an estimated population of over 37,000 residents. With a strong residential and commercial base, Deerfield Township is *committed to service excellence* to our residential and corporate citizens.

The Township is located along the Interstate 71 corridor just north of Interstate 275; approximately 18 miles northeast of downtown Cincinnati and 29 miles from downtown Dayton. The region is positioned within 600 miles of approximately 54% of the United States population and buying power.

TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Township operates as a limited home rule form of government and is directed by a publicly elected three–member Board of Trustees. The Trustees are elected for overlapping terms of four years. The board has an elected Township Fiscal Officer and appoints the Township Administrator.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Township are not misleading.

The primary government of the Township consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are legally separate from the Township. For Deerfield Township, this includes providing police protection, fire and emergency medical services, road maintenance and repairs, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, economic development, and cemeteries.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Parks and Recreation

The Township features eleven parks covering approximately 495 acres within the boundaries of Deerfield Township that are owned or supported by Deerfield Township. Parks are generally described as land owned by a public entity that provides passive or active recreation opportunities. Additionally, there are over 30 acres of open space that is a less refined area of natural landscape and tree growth preserved for public or private natural beauty and semi-rural character. The Township offers recreational programs throughout the year including camps, Movies in the Park and educational programs.

Fleckenstein Park

Fleckenstein Park is 50 acres and is located in the Northwest Quadrant. The park features baseball fields, tennis courts, playgrounds, soccer fields, water features, concession stands and extensive walking paths. In addition, the park has a unique barn that was recently restored and has potential for future programming opportunities.

Carter Park

In 2002, the Township purchased Carter Park along with the King Mansion. Located in Kings Mills, the park has several paths within the 100-acre park. Additionally, the property is home to the King Mansion which was built in the 1850s and was recently put on the National Register of Historic Places. The park

provides the perfect setting for several of our nature camp programs along with various Eagle Scout projects. The park is adjacent to the Little Miami River and offers spectacular views of the river and Kings Mills history.

Cottell Park

This 50-acre award winning park is centrally located in the heart of Deerfield Township. Located at the intersection of Irwin-Simpson and Snider Road, the park is the busiest and most used of all the parks in Deerfield Township. The park has five baseball fields, four soccer fields, two lacrosse fields, two playgrounds, two shelters and a veteran memorial park that provide ample opportunities for recreation activities. In addition, the park is the site of the Snyder house which was built in the mid-1850s. This building has been remodeled and updated over the years and is available for party rentals or business meetings. In addition, the Snyder House is home of the Mason Deerfield Arts Alliance, which in partnership with the Township, offers first class art events and programming for the community. In addition, Cottell Park is the site for the majority of our park programs including summer camps, Easter Egg Hunt and Movies in the Park to name a few.

Schappacher Park

Located near the main business corridor, this 10-acre park has a playground, two shelters, restrooms, pathway connections and a dog run. Schappacher Park provides a natural buffer between the business district and the residential communities. This park is heavily used and was named as the best dog park by a local magazine.

20 Mile Park, Carriage Gate Park, and Socialville Foster Park

These three parks account for 18 acres of park land that offer pathways, water features, benches and gazebos. Situated at various locations in the Landen area, these parks provide beauty and green space along with a buffer for the multi-family and residential communities.

Landen Deerfield Park and Craig Minard Park

These two parks in Deerfield Township offer several recreational and program opportunities. The parks are a partnership between Deerfield Township and Warren County that offer eight baseball fields, ten soccer fields, two football fields, mountain bike paths, amphitheatre and beautiful water features. With these superb amenities, the park is a perfect setting for many programs including the concert series, Movies in the Park and the annual St. Patrick's Day trail race. These two Warren County maintained parks also provide a variety of pathways and fitness equipment that promote healthy lifestyles in a beautiful park setting.

Roberts Park

Deerfield Township accepted the donation of this unique 80 acre community park from the Roberts Family. This park is set apart from most of the other parks in Deerfield Township in that it was donated with specific restrictions for the development, maintenance and use of the park. The primary use of the park is to provide open green space to the surrounding subdivisions and to allow the new home owners in Roberts Park a beautiful backdrop to their subdivision. The overall look of the park is to be a natural setting with pockets of manicured grounds for residential activity. The park is restricted from having heavy activity such as organized sports teams and organized events. Parking is limited to on street parking to access the park along with an entrance to the park provided at various trail head locations throughout the subdivision.

Green Space

In addition to the park system maintained by the Township, Deerfield owns several open space areas that account for over 100 additional acres of open space, woodlands and streams. These properties include the Townsley Road green space, the Loveland Park open space and Fosters Crossing. This is an example of how the Township enhances the quality of life in the community by offering natural areas that promote storm-water absorption, wildlife spaces and naturalized open areas.

Education, Culture and Nearby Attractions

Rated the number one place to live in Warren County, Deerfield Township is one of the area's most popular communities, named one of the top 15 communities in the Tri-State. We are a thriving community with over 37,000 residents and hundreds of businesses with all the advantages of central suburban living, and a few more besides. Residents know that Deerfield Township truly is the ideal place in which to raise a family, live, work and shop. Everything needed for a quality lifestyle is right here in Deerfield Township: entertainment, shopping, schools, restaurants and more. When it comes to entertainment, there are many popular attractions the whole family can enjoy without traveling far from home: Kings Island, Regal Cinemas, Little Miami Bike Trail, a plethora of parks and athletic fields, malls, fishing lakes, outdoor concerts, golf courses and festivals.

And because Deerfield Township is conveniently located within minutes of major interstates, residents can easily access surrounding Greater Cincinnati and Dayton attractions: the Cincinnati Zoo and Botanical Gardens, the Cincinnati Art Museum, Music Hall, the Aronoff Center, Major League Baseball, National Football League, the Museum of Natural History, the Dayton Art Institute, the Dayton Contemporary Dance Company, and the National Museum of the United States Air Force

Educational choices abound in the area, with the Township served by three award-winning school districts, Kings, Mason and Princeton schools. Kings High School is currently ranked number 15 in the state by *US New and World Report*. Each district has had its share of state championship titles in basketball, football, track and field and other sports. And there are also a number of private schools from which to choose. Pursuing higher education is more convenient than ever with nearby campuses for those who need to juggle education with work and family. Xavier University, and Sinclair Community College all offer suburban locations in Deerfield. Major metropolitan colleges such as Miami University, Xavier University, University of Cincinnati, Wright State University and the University of Dayton are also easy to access via interstates.

Shoppers will find they have lots of choices, too. Deerfield Towne Center is northern Cincinnati's premier lifestyle shopping center and home to over 50 national brand stores, specialty boutiques, one-of-a-kind furniture stores, exclusive restaurants, great entertainment, and Regal Cinemas, all close to home. After a day of shopping, relax and dine in one of the many Deerfield Towne Center restaurants or take in a movie.

While Deerfield Township continues to see a healthy increase in commercial development, there remain those qualities that have always made it an enjoyable place to live. Expansive parks and green space, picturesque neighborhoods and convenient amenities are features that draw so many people to settle in Deerfield Township.

Transportation

Deerfield Township lies in the vibrant southwest corner of Warren County. The Township has over 108 centerline miles of Township maintained roadways along with additional state and county roads. Located along the I-71 corridor, the Township has a high level of interstate access with three interchanges located at Fields Ertel, Western Row, and Kings Mills.

Deerfield Township strives to expand and enhance its transportation corridors and works closely with the Ohio Department of Transportation, Warren County Engineer, and the Warren County Transportation Improvement District. The Township provides its residents with miles of various pathways and sidewalks which connect the residential and commercial elements throughout the Township.

Deerfield Township is an active member of the Warren County Transportation Improvement District. As a member of the district the Township is able to leverage valuable dollars on major infrastructure projects to obtain the largest return on its investment. A series of improvements are being implemented in the Fields Ertel / Mason – Montgomery / Interstate 71/ and the Western Row areas to improve safety and capacity on those roadways.

Downtown Cincinnati can be easily accessed in a 30 minute drive and the Cincinnati Northern Kentucky International Airport is only 40 minutes away. Rail access is conveniently located in Franklin, Ohio, 30 minutes from Deerfield.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Deerfield Township is located in one of the fastest growing counties in the state of Ohio and together with the City of Mason, Deerfield comprises almost a third of Warren County's population. Deerfield is home to over 37,000 residents who live in a variety of housing types from apartments and starter homes to luxury homes and condominiums and homes targeted to empty nesters. Neighborhoods in Deerfield have been a popular choice for Home-a-rama, the showcase of homes sponsored by the Homebuilders Association of Greater Cincinnati.

Deerfield is home to the largest suburban office center in the greater Cincinnati Region. The Governor's Pointe / Governor's Pointe North development totals over 1 million square feet of office space. Many of the largest employers in Warren County call Deerfield home, including Macy's Credit and Customer Service, Well Point, Express Scripts, Cengage, and Quest. Deerfield offers a mix of office buildings from traditional multistory to flex office to condo units for sale.

Deerfield is also home to the largest auto shopping experience in the region. The Kings Auto Mall includes dealers that represent over 20 auto makers on 85 acres. The Auto Mall has expanded over the years to accommodate the ever changing auto sales market.

Deerfield's hotels offer over 1,700 rooms for the business traveler or the vacationer who is enjoying the many attractions conveniently located to Deerfield such as Kings Island or Bengals and Reds games.

Deerfield has a strong dining, shopping and entertainment mix to the benefit of both its residents and guests.

- The Fields Ertel Road corridor continues to provide a mix of local and regional shopping opportunities and includes the Kings Auto Mall.
- The Mason Montgomery Road corridor includes the Deerfield Towne Center, a regional shopping center that provides upscale shopping as well as fine dining experience. Deerfield Village Square is a mixture of offices, condominiums, and restaurants designed in a charming 19th century architecture style creating a pedestrian friendly atmosphere; and Shoppes of Deerfield North and South and the Arbor Square Center provide local and regional shopping.
- Both the Fields Ertel and Mason Montgomery businesses are easily accessible from the Fields Ertel Mason Montgomery interchange with Interstate 71.
- The Kings Mills interchange with Interstate 71 is primarily hospitality oriented with restaurants and hotels to complement Kings Island and the Beach Waterpark.
- The Montgomery Road corridor, the historic center of commerce for the northeast Cincinnati area, continues to provide a mix of local restaurants and shops to serve the community and has been improved with a road and sidewalk enhancement project.

Deerfield Township has evolved in the last decade to be one of the more prestigious and vibrant communities in Warren County providing its residents and business owners with all the services that represent quality of life.

PUBLIC PROJECTS

Deerfield Township has continued to stay focused on providing sound infrastructure throughout our community. In 2015, we performed our annual roadway-resurfacing project, and treated approximately 8.14 miles of roadway. Included in the program we resurfaced the roads, cleaned the storm sewer, upgraded the signage, and improved the street markings. This program follows our annual Pavement Condition Rating Index inspection, which is performed on all roadways throughout the Township.

The Township continues to work closely with the Warren County Engineer's Office and the Ohio Department of Transportation to improve transportation and safety. In 2015, we completed all of the design and right-of-way acquisition for Phase II of the Irwin-Simpson Roadway Widening project; which is focused to improve vehicular and pedestrian safety; while enhancing traffic movements in the area. Another large project, which was started in 2015, was the planning and design for the Mason Road Widening Project. The Township and Warren County Engineer collaborated to submit a joint OPWC application for partial funding of this project. We expect the actual construction to begin in 2017. The Township also worked to perform a number of other smaller maintenance related projects, to ensure that our roadways and infrastructure were of sound condition.

In 2015, the Township also successfully completed the construction of our new Public Works Facility; utilizing a Design-Build project delivery system. This 30,000 SF facility houses our Fleet Maintenance Department, and our Public Works Road Department.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Control Structure and Budgetary Controls

Development of the Township's accounting system includes consideration of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding –

- The safeguarding of assets against unauthorized use or disposition
- The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements

The concept of reasonable assurance states that internal control should be evaluated to insure that the expense associated with providing internal controls does not exceed the benefit expected to be derived from their implementation. This evaluation involves estimates and judgment by the Township administration and members of the Fiscal Office. The administrative and financial management personnel believe that the Township's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Township utilizes a fully automated accounting system. The system coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensures that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable. Budgets are controlled at the fund level. All purchase order requests must be approved by a Township manager and the Township Administrator with the Township Fiscal Officer or designee certifying that the funds are available; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders are released.

Financial Condition

The Township's financial statements are presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Township is committed to and will continue to provide and prepare financial statements following GASB Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments." GASB 34 creates new basic financial statements for reports as follows:

- Government-wide financial statements These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of
 accounting that is similar to the basis of accounting followed by many businesses. The
 government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the Township that are
 governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.
- Fund financial statements Those statements are prepared to present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the governmental-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.
- Schedules of budgetary comparison These schedules present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

Long-Term Financial Planning

As part of the annual budgeting process, the Township administration along with the Finance Department prepares a capital improvement plan for the next five years. The Board of Trustees then reviews and prioritizes the projects. In addition to the capital improvement plan, Deerfield Township uses a financial forecast for both operating and capital expenditures. Using these tools, the Board makes decisions and allocates resources for long-term financial planning.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Deerfield Township for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. This was the sixth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

An audit team from the Auditor of State has performed this year's audit. The results of the audit are presented in the Independent Auditor's Report.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Our appreciation is extended to the Deerfield Township Board of Trustees, all Department Managers and employees for contributing to the sound financial position of Deerfield Township. Additionally, we wish to thank Hurst Kelly and Company, CPA for their assistance with this year's CAFR. This report demonstrates a level of professionalism and accountability that Deerfield Township strives to maintain. A special thanks is due Jennifer Wagner, Deerfield Township's Director of Finance.

Sincerely

Bill Becker Township Administrator

John Walle

John Wahle Fiscal Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Deerfield Township Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

W K. Enge

Executive Director/CEO

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

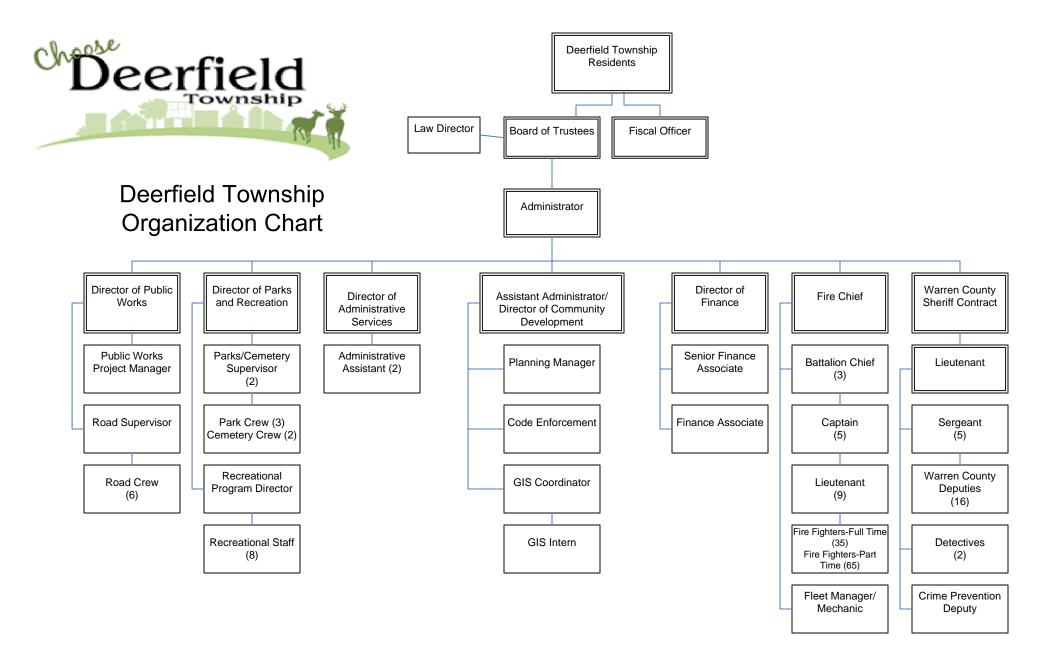
List of Principal Officials

Elected Officials

Trustee	Dan Corey
Trustee	Pete Patterson
Trustee	Chris Romano
Fiscal Officer	John Wahle

Appointed Officials

Administrator	Bill Becker
Director of Community Development/ Assistant Administrator	Lois McKnight
Director of Park/Recreation	Joel Smiddy
Director of Administrative Services	Matt Clark
Director of Finance	Jennifer Wagner
Fire Chief	Chris Eisele
Director of Public Works	Eric Reiners



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Financial Section



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Deerfield Township Warren County 4900 Parkway Drive, Suite 150 Mason, Ohio 45040

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Deerfield Township, Warren County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Deerfield Township Warren County Independent Accountant's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Deerfield Township, Warren County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2015, the Township adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis, required budgetary comparison schedules,* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Township's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Deerfield Township Warren County Independent Accountant's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2016, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2016

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DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Deerfield Township, Ohio's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2015, are as follows:

- Total net position (on the full accrual basis) increased by approximately \$7.9 million. Overall, net position increased in 2015 as the Township continued to closely monitor expenses and reduce the outstanding balances of both short-term notes and long-term obligations.
- Total assets of governmental activities (on the modified-accrual basis) increased by approximately \$3.5 million during 2015 compared to 2014, mainly due to the Township aggressively monitoring and improving its cash flows and related cash carryover balances.
- The \$9.4 million unassigned ending fund balance reported in the General Fund represents 390 percent of the total expenditures reported in the General Fund for 2015.
- On a budgetary basis, the General Fund realized an increase in fund balance of \$716,401, which includes encumbrances of \$102,180. Ending budgetary fund balance at December 31, 2015 was approximately 253 percent of the General Fund's annual budgetary expenditures.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Deerfield Township, Ohio, as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Township, presenting both an aggregated view of the Township's finances and a longer-term view of those statements. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. These statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Township's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 (Unaudited)

Reporting the Township as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Statements-Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the Township as a whole begins on page 16 with the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the Township to provide programs and activities, the view of the Township as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred inflows of resource and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Township's net position and changes in net position. This change informs the reader whether the Township's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements should take into account non-financial factors that also impact the Township's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the Township's tax base and the condition of its capital assets.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Township presents only governmental activities where all of the Township's services are reported including general government, public safety (which includes police, fire and emergency medical services), cemetery, public works and parks and recreation.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 20. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and other funds may be established by the Fiscal Officer, with approval of the Board of Trustees, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the Township is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The Township's major funds include the General, Police District, Fire and EMS, 1998 TIF General Reserve, 1998 TIF General Revenue, TIF Debt Service and Capital Projects funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township maintains many individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds: The financial activity of custodial funds, for which the Township acts as the fiscal agent, is reported separately in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. This financial activity is excluded from the Township's other financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Township is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The Township as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the Township as a whole. In the case of Deerfield Township, Ohio, assets exceeded liabilities by a total of \$90.2 million at December 31, 2015.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net position for 2015 compared to 2014:

TABLE 1NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2015	(Restated) 2014
Assets:		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 65,525,555	\$ 60,220,257
Capital Assets, Net	81,785,641	78,778,870
Total Assets	147,311,196	138,999,127
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension	1,279,254	780,223
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,279,254	780,223
Liabilities:		
Current and Other Liabilities	7,808,069	7,513,582
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due within One Year	1,687,450	1,696,057
Due in more than One Year	25,930,576	27,106,528
Total Liabilities	35,426,095	36,316,167
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Revenues Levied for the Next Year	22,904,000	21,113,400
Pension	25,856	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,929,856	21,113,400
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	57,009,590	52,069,128
Restricted:		
Other Purposes	16,098,409	14,664,325
Debt Service	5,589	83,640
Purposes Permitted by TIF Agreement	13,301,904	12,674,957
Unrestricted	3,819,007	2,857,733
Total Net Position	\$ 90,234,499	\$ 82,349,783

During 2015, the Township adopted GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27*, which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Township's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the Township's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Township is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the Township's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the Township is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2014, from \$89,991,942 to \$82,349,783.

As displayed in Table 1, total net position of the Township increased by approximately \$7.9 million from 2014 to 2015. This was primarily due to the careful reduction of expenditures and the continued acquisition of capital assets – including the construction of the Township's new public works facility. During 2015, the Township acquired approximately \$5.7 million of capital assets and paid approximately \$1.6 million in annual long-term debt service as well as retired \$264,000 of short-term notes.

As noted earlier, the Township's net position, when reviewed over time, may serve as a useful indicator of the Township's financial position. A portion of the Township's net position (63%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township's investments in its capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Table 2 shows the changes in the governmental activities net position for the year ended December 31, 2015.

	Governmental Activities										
	2015 2014										
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services	\$ 2,014,045	\$ 1,999,763									
Operating Grants/Contributions	730,151	841,189									
Capital Grants/Contributions	699	1,947									
General Revenues:											
Property and Other Taxes	14,696,742	14,628,471									
Grants and Entitlements	1,941,052	1,695,008									
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	11,385,665	10,977,917									
Investment Earnings	1,561	5,731									
Total Revenues	30,769,915	30,150,026									
Program Expenses:											
General Government	2,418,732	2,392,920									
Payments to Schools	4,000,794	3,883,501									
Public Safety	9,990,061	9,724,650									
Public Works	3,729,347	3,210,184									
Public Health	391,680	357,953									
Conservation-Recreation	1,504,371	1,399,665									
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,214	1,576,509									
Total Expenses	22,885,199	22,545,382									
Changes in Net Position	7,884,716	7,604,644									
Beginning Net Position, Restated	82,349,783	n/a									
Ending Net Position	\$ 90,234,499	\$ 82,349,783									

TABLE 2STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. For the Township as a whole, the 2015 pension expense calculated under GASB 68 was substantially similar to what it would have been under GASB 27. As such, the functional expense comparison of 2014 expenses (GASB 27) to 2015 (GASB 68) expenses is still meaningful.

Table 3 shows the percentage of total expenses each functional area comprises, the net cost of each functional area and the percentage of general revenues used to finance each function for 2015.

TABLE 3 ANALYSIS OF PROGRAM EXPENSES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

				Percentage of General
	Percentage of Total	N	et Expense of	Revenues used to
	Program Expenses		Function	Finance Function
General Government	10.57%	\$	1,715,443	6.12%
Payment to Schools	17.48%		4,000,794	14.28%
Public Safety	43.65%		8,921,242	31.83%
Public Works	16.30%		3,196,923	11.41%
Public Health	1.71%		41,658	0.15%
Conservation-Recreation	6.57%		1,414,030	5.05%
Interest & Fiscal Charges	3.72%		850,214	3.03%
Total	100.00%	\$	20,140,304	71.87%

As indicated by Table 3, the Township is spending the majority of its resources (43.7 percent) on public safety. Public safety includes fire, emergency medical services and police services. Police services are provided by a contract with the Warren County Sherriff's office. Public safety services represent 44 percent of total program expenses and revenues generated by the department cover approximately 11 percent of functional expenses. This means that general revenues collected by the Township, principally property taxes, must cover the remaining 98 percent of those departmental expenses. The amount paid to schools is funded entirely by payments in lieu of taxes. General government functions include legislation, administration and service buildings and comprise 10.6 percent of the total governmental expenses. Thus the Township relies on taxes to furnish the quality of life to business and citizens that the current Township Trustees and previous Boards of Trustees have considered a priority.

The Township's Funds

Information about the Township's major governmental funds begins after the Statement of Activities. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds had total revenues of \$31.1 million and expenditures of \$27.6 million.

During 2015, the net change in fund balance of the governmental funds increased by \$3.5 million to a total fund balance of \$33.9 million at year end.

While capital assets are included in the Statement of Net Position, expenditures are recognized in the fund statements thereby reducing the amount of resources available for future spending. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Township's General Fund realized an increase of \$0.9 million in fund balance during 2015. General fund revenues increased slightly in 2015 compared to 2014 as the Township received additional property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures for 2015 compared to 2014 decreased substantially due to the Township's significant, one-time reduction of the outstanding balance of general obligation bonds in 2014.

The General Fund is the primary fund that finances government services to citizens. The Township continues to maintain a General Fund balance reserve in an attempt to provide stability in years in which revenues may not support necessary spending levels. At December 31, 2015, the ending unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9.4 million or 387 percent of the total General Fund expenditures reported for 2015.

The Police District Fund reported a net increase in fund balance of \$1.1 million in 2015 which is consistent with the fund balance increase of \$1.0 million in 2014. This fund is used to account for the tax levy collected and used to pay the Warren County Sheriff for police protection.

The Township's Fire and EMS Fund reported a net increase of \$0.2 million. 2015 revenues were on par with 2014 revenues. Expenditures increased slightly in 2015 compared to 2014 as the Township continued to staff and operate the new Fire Station #57.

The 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund and the 1998 TIF General Revenue Fund account for the receipt of payments in lieu of taxes used for economic development and payment to schools. The Township issued long-term tax increment financing notes that provided for investment in economic development within the Township. A portion of the monies received is returned to the school districts that would have been collected through property taxes. The net increase in fund balance for the 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund was \$.2 million. This increase is due to transfers in exceeding payments to schools, capital outlay and other economic development expenses. The 1998 TIF General Revenue Fund realized a net increase of \$1.0 million as transfers out were less than payments in lieu of taxes. Both funds are required to keep a minimum balance per the tax increment financing agreement as is reflected in Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent.

The TIF Debt Service Fund accounts for monies transferred in from the 1998 TIF General Revenue and TIF Reserve Funds to make principal and interest payments on the tax increment long-term notes. Principal payments and interest payments made for the year were \$1,345,000 and \$820,057, respectively, leaving an ending fund balance of \$143.

The Capital Projects Fund reported an ending deficit fund balance of \$4,433,089. The ending fund balance is the result of recording short-term notes in the amount of \$4,565,000. These notes were originally issued for the purchase of a golf course that the Township currently owns and runs as a park.

Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio Law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The schedules comparing the Township's original and final budgets and actual results are included in the Required Supplementary Information for the General, Police District, Fire and EMS, 1998 TIF General Reserve and 1998 TIF General Revenue Funds.

General Fund Budget

There were various adjustments in budgeted revenues made to the General Fund during 2015 – the most significant of which was a revision to increase property taxes and intergovernmental receipts. Appropriations were adjusted to allow for minor unanticipated expenditures and to bring the final budget in-line with anticipated calendar-year expenditures as well as budget for actual debt service. Overall, the Township kept within its budgeted expenditures.

General Fund 2015 final budgeted revenues were slightly above 2015 actual revenues.

Due to the Township's continuing efforts to control expenditures, actual budgetary expenditures came in \$.6 million less than the \$4.9 million included in the final budget for 2015. Any significant variance within the departments was due to efforts in reducing expenditures and less debt retired than anticipated in the final budget.

Budgetary fund balance at December 31, 2015, was \$10.9 million compared to the \$10.5 million anticipated in the final 2015 budget.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the Township had a total of \$102 million invested in capital assets less accumulated depreciation of \$20.2 million resulting in total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$81.8 million.

The Township continued its efforts to upgrade its capital assets during 2015 by purchasing long-term capital assets including vehicles and equipment and the new public works facility.

(Unaudited)

Table 4 shows 2015 balances compared to those of 2014:

TABLE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS, NET

	Governmental Activities												
	2015 2014												
Land	\$	19,303,372	\$	19,303,372									
Construction in Progress		3,784,637		3,601,422									
Improvements to Land		2,179,266		2,358,375									
Infrastructure		31,864,468		32,867,902									
Buildings		20,156,548		16,937,056									
Equipment		1,109,467		1,204,103									
Vehicles		3,387,883		2,506,640									
Total	\$	81,785,641	\$	78,778,870									

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2015, the Township had a total of \$18.1 million of long-term debt obligations compared with \$19.7 million reported at December 31, 2014. Table 5 shows outstanding debt obligations of the Township at December 31, 2015, compared with 2014:

TABLE 5 OUTSTANDING LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS AT YEAR END

	 Governmental Activities									
	2015		2014							
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 875,000	\$	1,080,000							
Special Assessment Bonds	-		75,000							
Tax Increment Long-Term Notes	 17,235,000		18,580,000							
Total	\$ 18,110,000	\$	19,735,000							

See Notes 10, 11 and 12 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the debt obligations and debt activity of the Township.

Current Issues

The challenge for all townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases, shrinking funding. The Township is located in Warren County, and both the County and the Township are among the fastest growing areas in the State of Ohio. Management believes the Township is well situated to be economically and financially stable for the foreseeable future.

Contacting the Township's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mr. John Wahle, Fiscal Officer, Deerfield Township Administrative Office, 4900 Parkway Drive, Deerfield Township, Ohio 45040, or visit the Township's website at www.choosedeerfield.com.

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Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets:	¢	0(471 700
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	26,471,780
		12,787,168
Property and Other Taxes Payment in Lieu of Taxes		9,755,400
Accounts		210,054
Special Assessments		512,400
Intergovernmental		1,238,917
Supplies Inventory		168,245
Prepaid Items		63,840
Restricted Assets:		05,040
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		14,317,751
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		23,088,009
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		58,697,632
Depreciable Capital Assets, Wet of Accumulated Depreciation		30,077,052
Total Assets		147,311,196
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension		1,279,254
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,279,254
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		1,142,018
		312,868
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		· · ·
Accrued Interest Payable		15,302
Note Payable		6,275,000
Accrued Interest Payable from Restricted Assets		62,881
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year		1 697 450
Due In More Than One Year		1,687,450
Due in More Than One Tear		25,930,576
Total Liabilities		35,426,095
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Revenues Levied for the Next Year		22,904,000
Pension		25,856
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
		22,929,856
Net Position:		
Net Investment In Capital Assets		57,009,590
Restricted For:		
Public Safety		8,631,812
Public Works		3,102,101
Conservation-Recreation		1,845,070
Other Purposes		2,519,426
Debt Service		5,589
Purposes Permitted by TIF Agreement		13,301,904
Unrestricted		3,819,007
Total Net Position	\$	90,234,499

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO *Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015*

				Progra	m Revenues			et (Expense) Revenue Changes in Net Position
	Expenses		Charges for services		ating grants	•	al grants ntributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 2,418,732	\$	703,289	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,715,443)
Payment to Schools	4,000,794		-		-		-	(4,000,794)
Public Safety	9,990,061		834,410		234,409		-	(8,921,242)
Public Works	3,729,347		35,983		495,742		699	(3,196,923)
Public Health	391,680		350,022		-		-	(41,658)
Conservation-Recreation	1,504,371		90,341		-		-	(1,414,030)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,214		-		-		-	 (850,214)
Total Governmental Activities	22,885,199		2,014,045		730,151		699	 (20,140,304)
		Genera	al Revenues:					
		Taxe	es:					
		Pr	operty Taxes	Levied F	For:			
			General Purpo	oses				1,116,226
]	Public Works					1,289,596
]	Public Safety					9,817,118
]	Recreation					1,038,537
		Ot	her Taxes					1,435,265
		Grai	nts and Entitle	ements N	lot Restricted	l to		
		Sp	ecific Program	ms				1,941,052
		Payı	ment in Lieu o	of Taxes				11,385,665
		Inve	stment Earnir	ngs				 1,561
		Total (General Reve	niles				28 025 020

Investment Earnings	 1,501
Total General Revenues	 28,025,020
Changes in Net Position	7,884,716
Net Position at Beginning of Year, Restated	 82,349,783
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 90,234,499

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

	Major Governmental Funds															
	Police General District		Fire & EMS				- · · F · · · ·			Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmen Funds	ıtal				
Assets:													,			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,051,793	\$	3,270,396	\$	4,827,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	139,915	\$ 7,182,458	\$ 26,471,7	780
Receivables: Property and Other Taxes	818,129		3,578,496		6,083,463									2,307,080	12,787,1	160
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	010,129		5,578,490		0,085,405		-		- 9,755,400		-		-	2,507,080	9,755,4	
Accounts	123,969		-		86,085		-		9,755,400		-		-	-	210,0	
Intergovernmental	234,407		399,047		371,100		-		-		-		-	234,363	1,238,9	
Special Assessments	234,407		599,047		571,100		-		_		-		_	512,400	512,4	
Supplies Inventory	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	168,245	168,2	
Prepaid Items	6,730		7,593		25,563		-		-		-		-	23,954	63,8	
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	0,750		1,393		25,505		-		-		-		-	25,754	05,8	540
with Fiscal Agent	-		-		-		2,957,289		9,221,130		143		-	2,139,189	14,317,7	751
Total Assets	\$ 12,235,028	\$	7,255,532	\$	11,393,429	\$	2,957,289	\$	18,976,530	\$	143	\$	139,915	\$ 12,567,689	\$ 65,525,5	555
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Accrued Interest Payable General Obligation Notes Payable	\$ 37,352 39,047 3,748 1,710,000	\$	15,957 - - -	\$	72,647 222,939 - -	\$	952,966 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- 8,004 4,565,000	\$ 63,096 50,882 -	\$ 1,142,0 312,8 11,7 6,275,0	868 752
Total Liabilities	1,790,147		15,957		295,586		952,966		-		-		4,573,004	113,978	7,741,6	538
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Revenues Levied for the Next Year and Unavailable Revenue	929,084		3,796,796		6,464,713				9,755,400					2,992,740	23,938,7	733
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	929,084		3,796,796		6,464,713		-		9,755,400		-		-	2,992,740	23,938,7	733
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	6,730 64,828 9,444,239		7,593 3,435,186 -		25,563 4,607,567 -		2,004,323		9,221,130		143			192,199 9,268,772 -	232,0 28,537,1 64,8 5,011,1	121 828
Total Fund Balance	9,515,797		3,442,779		4,633,130		2,004,323		9,221,130		143		(4,433,089)	9,460,971	33,845,1	184
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 12,235,028	\$	7,255,532	\$	11,393,429	\$	2,957,289	\$	18,976,530	\$	143	\$	139,915	\$ 12,567,689	\$ 65,525,5	555

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 33,845,184
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		81,785,641
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds: Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental and Other Revenues Total	53,220 981,513	1,034,733
Some liabilities, including long-term debt obligations and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Premium on Bonds Accrued Interest Payable Compensated Absences Payable Long-term Notes Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable	(391,051) (66,431) (216,673) (17,235,000) (875,000)	(10.704.155)
Total The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability	1,279,254 (25,856) (8,900,302)	(18,784,155)
Total		(7,646,904)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 90,234,499

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Major Governmental Funds																
	General	Police General District		Fire & EMS		1998 TIF General Reserve	General		Det	TIF Debt Service		Capital Projects		Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds	
Revenues: Property and Other Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 2,157,009 555,800		3,753,989 439,001	\$	6,197,628 746,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,466,522 445,103	\$	14,575,148 2,186,205
Special Assessments Charges for Services Licenses, Permits and Fees	34,800 530,992	2	- -		- 758,755 -		- -		- -		- -		- - -		573,691 485,667 -		573,691 1,279,228 530,992
Fines and Forfeitures Payments in Lieu of Taxes Interest Other	74,832 - 24 153,522	1	213,322		- - 30,493		- - 779 750		- 11,385,665 502		- - 42		- - 21,087		- 214 42,546		74,832 11,385,665 1,561 461,721
Total Revenues	3,506,98		4,406,312		7,733,177		1,529		11,386,167		42		21,087		4,013,743		31,069,043
Expenditures: Current:																	
General Government Payments to Schools Public Safety	2,388,082	2	3,304,526		- - 7,293,956		4,000,794		- -		-		-		- -		2,388,082 4,000,794 10,598,482
Public Works Public Health Conservation-Recreation	36,823	3	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,375,209 334,137 904,227		2,375,209 370,965 904,227
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	-		-		-		4,392,040		-		-		-		-		4,392,040
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	17,81	7	-		-		-		-		1,345,000 820,057		15,106		280,000 54,625		1,625,000 907,605
Total Expenditures	2,442,72	7	3,304,526		7,293,956		8,392,834		-		2,165,057		15,106		3,948,198		27,562,404
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,064,259)	1,101,786		439,221		(8,391,305)		11,386,167	(2,165,015)		5,981		65,545		3,506,639
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-In Transfers-Out	82,132 (256,62		-		(198,024)		8,816,379 (208,569)		(10,340,968)		1,524,784		406,593		256,625 (82,327)		11,086,513 (11,086,513)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(174,49)	3)	-		(198,024)		8,607,810		(10,340,968)		1,524,784		406,593		174,298		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	889,76	5	1,101,786		241,197		216,505		1,045,199		(640,231)		412,574		239,843		3,506,639
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,626,03	<u> </u>	2,340,993		4,391,933		1,787,818		8,175,931		640,374		(4,845,663)		9,221,128		30,338,545
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,515,79	7_\$	3,442,779	\$	4,633,130	\$	2,004,323	\$	9,221,130	\$	143	\$	(4,433,089)	\$	9,460,971	\$	33,845,184

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,506,639
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital Outlay, Net Depreciation5,470,379 (2,463,608)	
Total	3,006,771
Governmental funds report premiums as revenues whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Amortization of Bond Premium 44,691	
	44 (01
Total	44,691
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds: Bond Principal Retirement 1,625,000	
Total	1,625,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, rather these revenues are reported	
as deferred inflows of resources.	(299,128)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. These activities consist of: Change in Accrued Interest Payable12,700Change in Compensated Absences Payable(7,212)	
Total	5,488
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	880,562
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(885,307)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,884,716

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2015

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Assets	Private- Purpose Trust	
Equity in Pooled Cash and	.	
Cash Equivalents	\$	22,221
Total Assets	\$	22,221
Net Position		
Net Amounts Held in Trust	\$	22,221
Total Net Position	\$	22,221

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Private- Purpose Trust
Additions:	
Interest	\$ 12
Total Additions	 12
Deductions: Contractual Services	 804
Total Deductions	 804
Change in Net Position	(792)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 23,013
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 22,221

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NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWNSHIP AND REPORTING ENTITY:

Deerfield Township, Warren County, Ohio (the "Township") is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Trustees are elected for overlapping terms of four years. They have an elected Township Fiscal Officer and a Township Administrator, who is appointed by the Board of Trustees. All department heads report to the Township Administrator.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the Township are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds and departments which provide various services including police and fire protection, recreation, street maintenance and general administrative services.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the Township approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The Township currently has no component units.

Related Organization

The Township is associated with the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, which is a related organization. The District is presented in Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Township's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by a recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Township, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are two categories of funds presented by the Township: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred inflows of resources and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Township's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is the operating fund of the Township and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Police District Fund – This fund receives the tax monies which are used to pay for police protection services.

<u>Fire and EMS Fund</u> – The Township receives fire levy monies and ambulance fees to be used for the purchase and maintenance of fire equipment and ambulances, and for the payment of salaries and wages of fire fighters and paramedics. This fund is a consolidation of the Fire Special Levy Fund and the Ambulance and EMS Fund for GAAP reporting purposes only. The Township budgets separately for the Fire Special Levy Fund and the Ambulance and EMS Fund.

<u>1998 TIF General Reserve Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for certain TIF-related resources in accordance with the Township's Tax Increment Financing Agreement.

<u>1998 TIF General Revenue Fund</u> – This fund accounts for payments in lieu of taxes restricted for use to pay for activity associated with the Township's TIF District.

<u>TIF Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received from payments in lieu of taxes used to make principal and interest payments on the tax increment long-term notes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund receives transfers and/or proceeds from debt to be used for various capital projects.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments, which are not available to support the Township's own programs. The Township's private-purpose trust fund accounts for principal and income that must be used for specific purposes for the benefit of other individuals and/or other entities.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities associated with the operations of the Township are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, generally only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements

therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the Township is sixty days after year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Township receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property tax, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements and matching requirements. Timing requirements specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted. Matching requirements specify how the Township must provide local resources and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Township on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: state-levied locally shared taxes (including local government assistance, gasoline tax and vehicle license tax), EMS charges for services and court fines.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the periods that the amounts become available or for the periods in which they are to be used.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled. Money for all funds is maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Township's records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price. During the year, the Township's investments included non-negotiable certificates of deposit and money market funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to ordinance and statutory requirements. Interest revenue reported in the statement of activities for 2015 amounted to \$1,561.

Supplies Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a firstin, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when purchased.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Township maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expended. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	25-45 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years
Improvements	15-60 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	3-10 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation leave accumulated by employees is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned when both of these conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

A liability for sick leave is accrued based on guidelines set forth in GASB Statement No. 16 Accounting for Compensated Absences. The vesting method was implemented and states that the Township will estimate its liability based on sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as specified by the retirement system as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments, determined to be all employees with an age of fifty and ten years of service or more. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Township's termination policy. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount normally due for payment during the year.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and contractual required pension obligations that will be paid from the governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment from current and available resources. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Classification of Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Township's fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The Township's Board can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Township's Board amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. *Assigned* fund balances at December 31, 2015 represent resources set aside for purchase commitments by the Fiscal Officer.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Township or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes various grant and other special revenue funds. The Township applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Of the \$29,405,902 of restricted net position reported at December 31, 2015, none of the net position was restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures to funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

An annual appropriated budget is legally required to be prepared for all funds of the Township. The Board passes appropriations at the fund/department/function/object level. The following are the procedures used by the Township in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements.

Tax Budget

A tax budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources

The County Budget Commission determines if the tax budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the Township by October 1. As part of this certification, the Township receives the official certificate of estimated resources that states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the Township must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing calendar year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources can be further amended during the year if the fiscal officer determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements as final reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2015.

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance may be supplemented during the year by action of the Board, as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. During the year, two supplemental appropriation measures were passed. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the first appropriated budget that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding year and is not re-appropriated.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to set aside a portion of the applicable appropriation and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations.

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the net change in fund balance on the GAAP basis (modified accrual) to the non-GAAP basis (budgetary) is presented in the notes to the required supplementary information.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

State statutes classify monies held by the Township into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Trustees has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing no later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- (1) United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- (3) Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to fair value daily and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- (4) Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- (5) Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- (6) No-load money market funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- (7) The State Treasury Assets Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and
- (8) Certain banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of interim monies available for investment at any time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Fiscal Officer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. Protection of the Township's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution.

At year end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$26,242,139 and the bank balance was \$27,107,904. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal deposit insurance. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures*, \$26,857,904 of the Township's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.

Investments

At year end, the Township had \$251,862 in U.S. Government Money Market Funds, which have no specified maturity.

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of maximizing interest earnings in conjunction with minimizing fair value losses and maintaining consistent cash availability, the Township's investment portfolio is structured as a five-year ladder. The Township does not have an investment policy other than state statute. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and that the investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk – The Township's investments in U.S. Government Money Market Funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investor Services as of December 31, 2015. State statute only addresses credit risk by limiting the investments that may be purchased to those offered by specifically identified issuers.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Township places no limit on the amount it may be invested in any one issuer. 100% of the Township's investments were in U.S. Government Money Market Funds.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES:

Receivables as of December 31, 2015, consisted primarily of property and other taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues and accounts (billing for EMS services).

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the Township. Property tax revenue received during 2015 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2014 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2015 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2015 taxes. 2015 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2015, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2015, the lien date. Assessed values are established by state law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2015 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2016.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2015 public utility property taxes became a lien on December 31, 2014, are levied after October 1, 2015, and are collected in 2015 with real property taxes. 2015 tangible personal property taxes are levied after October 1, 2014, on the value as of December 31, 2014. Collections are made in 2015. Tangible personal property assessments are 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 24 percent of true value for inventory.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Certain public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at 88 percent of its true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2015, was \$14.10 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2015 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 995,318,330
Public Utility Personal Property Assessed Valuation	 25,892,640
Total	\$ 1,021,210,970

Real property taxes are payable semi-annually with the first payment due February 16 and the remainder payable by July 13. Under certain circumstances, state statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including Deerfield Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2015, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the General Fund, Police District Fund and the Fire Special Levy Fund, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred inflows of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2015 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue.

Intergovernmental Receivables

A summary of the governmental activities intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:

Homestead/Rollback	\$ 734,400
Gasoline Tax	110,770
Local Government	177,684
Motor Vehicle License Fees	30,593
Liquor License Fees	4,723
Warren County Sherriff's Department	 180,747
Total	\$ 1,238,917

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/14	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/15
Governmental Activities				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$19,303,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$19,303,372
Construction in Progress	3,601,422	183,215		3,784,637
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:	22,904,794	183,215		23,088,009
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	3,607,800	-	-	3,607,800
Buildings	22,242,961	4,062,363	(205,037)	26,100,287
Equipment	2,920,997	125,018	(63,979)	2,982,036
Vehicles	5,401,748	1,292,326	(443,097)	6,250,977
Infrastructure	40,010,394	-	-	40,010,394
Depreciable Capital Assets:	74,183,900	5,479,707	(712,113)	78,951,494
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(1,249,425)	(179,109)	-	(1,428,534)
Buildings	(5,305,905)	(672,007)	34,173	(5,943,739)
Equipment	(1,716,894)	(218,225)	62,550	(1,872,569)
Vehicles	(2,895,108)	(390,833)	422,847	(2,863,094)
Infrastructure	(7,142,492)	(1,003,434)		(8,145,926)
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,309,824)	(2,463,608)	519,570	(20,253,862)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	55,874,076	3,016,099	(192,543)	58,697,632
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$78,778,870	\$ 3,199,314	<u>\$ (192,543</u>)	\$81,785,641

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 56,827
Public Safety	580,211
Public Works	1,207,414
Public Health	24,805
Conservation-Recreation	594,351
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,463,608

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS:

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Township's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the Township's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Township cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Township does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – Township employees, other than full-time firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. Township employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35
Law Enforcement	Law Enforce ment	Law Enforcement
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit	Age 48 with 25 years of service credit
	or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit	or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%	service for the first 25 years and 2.1%
for service years in excess of 25	for service years in excess of 25	for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local	Public Safety	Law Enforcement
2015 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates			
Employer	14.0%	18.1%	18.1%
Employee	10.0%	*	**
2015 Actual Contribution Rates			
Employer:			
Pension	12.0%	16.1%	16.1%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Total Employer	14.0%	18.1%	18.1%
Employee	10.0%	12.0%	13.0%

- * This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- ** This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more

than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution was \$250,157 for 2015. Of this amount, \$18,917 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OPF)

Plan Description - Township's full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

_. . .

	Police	Firefighters
2015 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:		
January 1, 2015 through July 1, 2015	11.50%	11.50%
July 2, 2015 through December 31, 2015	12.25%	12.25%
2015 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:		
January 1, 2015 through July 1, 2015	11.50%	11.50%
July 2, 2015 through December 31, 2015	12.25%	12.25%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Township's contractually required contribution to OPF was \$630,405 for 2015. Of this amount \$50,352 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OPF's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2014, to December 31, 2014. The Township's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Township's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$ 1,471,753	\$ 7,428,549	\$ 8,900,302
Proportion of the Net Pension	0.012202%	0.143397%	
Liability			
Pension Expense	\$ 160,687	\$ 724,620	\$ 885,307

At December 31, 2015, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(OPERS	 OP&F	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	78,528	\$ 320,164	\$ 398,692
Entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date		250,157	630,405	880,562
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	328,685	\$ 950,569	\$ 1,279,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,856	\$ _	\$ 25,856

\$1,279,254 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Township contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	C	PERS	OP&F	 Total
Year Ending December 31:				
2016	\$	7,702	\$ 80,041	\$ 87,743
2017		7,702	80,041	87,743
2018		17,636	80,041	97,677
2019		19,632	 80,041	 99,673
Total	\$	52,672	\$ 320,164	\$ 372,836

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage Inflation	3.75 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	8 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 6.95 percent for 2014.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2014 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.31%
Domestic Equities	19.90%	5.84%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.25%
International Equities	19.10%	7.40%
Other investments	18.00%	4.59%
Total	100.00%	5.28%

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* The following table presents the Township's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the Township's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1%	6 Increase	
		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		(9.00%)	
Entity's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	2,707,502	\$	1,471,753	\$	430,853	

Actuarial Assumptions – OPF

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2014, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2014, are presented below:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases	4.25 percent to 11 percent
Payroll Increases	3.75 percent
Inflation Assumptions	3.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.60 percent and 3.00 percent

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2014 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	-0.25%
*		,.
Domestic Equity	16.00%	4.47%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	4.47%
Core Fixed Income *	20.00%	1.62%
Global Inflation Protected *	20.00%	1.33%
High Yield	15.00%	3.39%
Real Estate	12.00%	3.93%
Private Markets	8.00%	6.98%
Timber	5.00%	4.92%
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00%	7.03%
Total	120.00%	

* levered 2X

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Township's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount *Rate* Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(7.25%)		(8.25%)		(9.25%)
Entity's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	10,274,826	\$	7,428,549	\$	5,018,643

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

A. Plan Description

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trusts, which fund multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2014 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visitinghttps://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

B. Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2015, State and Local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary and Public Safety and Law Enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

OPERS maintains three health care trusts. The two cost-sharing, multiple-employer trusts, the 401(h) Health Care Trust and the 115 Health Care Trust, work together to provide health care funding to eligible retirees of the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. The third trust is a Voluntary Employee's Beneficiary Association (VEBA) that provides funding for a Retiree Medical Account for Member-Directed Plan members. Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2015. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2016 remained at 2.0% for both plans. The Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited to the VEBA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2015 was 4.5%.

C. Township Contributions

The Township's actual contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits were approximately \$35,722 \$32,857, and \$16,288 for 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2015, 2014 and 2013.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

A. Plan Description

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

B. Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was 0.5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2015 thru December 31, 2015. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

C. Township Contributions

The Township's actual contributions that were used to pay postemployment benefits were \$13,239, \$13,048, and \$89,772 for 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2015, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 8 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

Township employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. Employees are required to use their vacation leave during the current year. They are not permitted to carry over into the subsequent year. At termination or retirement, employees are paid at their full rate for 100% of unused vacation leave.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Township employees earn sick leave at varying rates based upon length of service and when the employee was hired. Upon retirement or death, the employee or his/her beneficiary will be eligible to receive payment for earned sick leave hours accumulated up to a maximum of 480 hours. For fire employees, the maximum accumulation is 576 hours. These accumulated hours will be paid at the employee's current rate of pay at retirement or death.

At December 31, 2015, the Township's accumulated unpaid compensated absences amounted to \$216,673, all of which is recorded as a liability of the Governmental Activities. Historically, compensated absences have been paid from one of, or a combination of, the following funds based on the separating employee's duties: General, Road & Bridge, Cemetery, Park, Fire Special Levy, EMS and Ambulance.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

The various types and extent of coverage provided by OTARMA are as follows:

Commercial Property	\$ 12,000,000	
Ordinance and Law	\$ 250,000	
Vehicle	\$ 250,000	(or actual cost)
Errors and Omissions	\$ 500,000	
Fidelity and Deposit	\$ 50,000	

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year in any category of risk. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Township is a member of the Jefferson Health Plan, which is a claims servicing pool established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. Health insurance benefits are provided to Township employees through membership in the Plan. The Township makes monthly contributions to the Plan and the Plan is insured with a third-party for stop-loss coverage on claims in excess of \$500,000. In addition to required monthly contributions, the Plan may assess the Township for additional contributions based on a three-year window calculation determined by an independent insurance consultant.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

The changes in the Township's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2015, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds:					
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2008 - 4.0% -					
5.25%	\$ 1,080,000	\$ -	\$ (205,000)	\$ 875,000	\$ 210,000
Special Assessment Bonds:					
Road Improvement Special					
Assessment - 3.83%	75,000	-	(75,000)	-	-
Tax Increment Revenue					
Long-Term Notes:					
Notes					
Series 2007 - 4.74%	6,355,000	-	(355,000)	6,000,000	370,000
Notes					
Series 2011 - 3.125% -					
5.0%	12,225,000	-	(990,000)	11,235,000	1,035,000
Premium	435,742	-	(44,691)	391,051	-
Compensated Absences	209,461	78,269	(71,057)	216,673	72,450
Net Pension Liability:					
OPERS	1,438,511	33,242	-	1,471,753	-
OP&F	6,983,871	444,678		7,428,549	
Total Governmental Activities	\$28,802,585	\$ 556,189	\$(1,740,748)	\$ 27,618,026	\$ 1,687,450

The Township's general obligation bonds were issued in 2008 for \$5,200,000 for various purposes including, but not limited to, land acquisition, infrastructure improvements to roads and sewers, and equipment for the fire department. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Township and are payable from unvoted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the Township's general obligation bonds as of December 31, 2015, are as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds									
	F	<u>rincipal</u>]	Interest		<u>Total</u>					
2016	\$	210,000	\$	42,605	\$	252,605					
2017		90,000		32,945		122,945					
2018		355,000		28,670		383,670					
2019		220,000		11,275		231,275					
Total	\$	875,000	\$	115,495	\$	990,495					

The Township had outstanding special assessment bonds that were used to finance road improvements. The bonds were repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by the improvements. The special assessment bonds were backed by the full faith and credit of the Township and were fully retired in 2015.

In prior years, the Township had three separate tax increment long-term notes outstanding. In 2012, two of the three notes (Series 2001B and Series 1998) were currently refunded into a new Series 2012 note.

The tax increment long-term notes have been used to finance the acquisition and improvements of infrastructure including, but not limited to, roads, sewers, land and buildings. Each note will be repaid with payments in lieu of taxes as set forth in the financing agreement.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the tax increment long-term notes are as follows:

	Tax Increment Revenue Notes								
		Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>			
2016	\$	1,405,000	\$	754,581	\$	2,159,581			
2017		1,475,000		686,181		2,161,181			
2018		1,545,000		614,356		2,159,356			
2019		1,625,000		537,106		2,162,106			
2020		1,685,000		478,356		2,163,356			
2021-2025		9,500,000		1,312,781		10,812,781			
Total	\$	17,235,000	\$	4,383,361	\$	21,618,361			

NOTE 11 – DEFEASED DEBT:

In 2014 and 2011, the Township defeased \$2,710,000 and \$460,000, respectively, of its outstanding general obligation bonds by creating separate irrevocable trust funds with investments (and fixed earnings from the investments) that are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the Township's financial statements. As of December 31, 2015, the amount of defeased debt outstanding was \$3,085,000.

NOTE 12 – NOTES PAYABLE:

During 2015, the Township retired the Series 2014 bond anticipation notes and reissued the notes for \$6,275,000. The original notes were used to purchase a golf course that is currently being used as a park. \$1,710,000 of the notes were issued as reimbursement to the General Fund for improvements to the park in a prior year. Thus at year end, \$1,710,000 and \$4,565,000 of the notes are recorded in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, respectively.

A summary of the short-term note transactions for the year ended December 31, 2015, is as follows:

Issue Date	Begin	nning Balance	Additions	Delet	ions	Enc	ding Balance
10/28/2015	\$	-	\$6,275,000	\$	-	\$	6,275,000
10/29/2014		6,539,000		(6,53	9,000)		-
	\$	6,539,000	\$6,275,000	\$(6,53	9,000)	\$	6,275,000
	10/28/2015	10/28/2015 \$	10/28/2015 \$ - 10/29/2014 6,539,000	10/28/2015 \$ - \$6,275,000 10/29/2014 6,539,000	10/28/2015 \$ - \$6,275,000 \$ 10/29/2014 6,539,000 - (6,53)	10/28/2015 \$ - \$6,275,000 \$ - 10/29/2014 6,539,000 - (6,539,000)	10/28/2015 \$ - \$6,275,000 \$ - \$ 10/29/2014 6,539,000 - (6,539,000)

NOTE 13 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

Transfer to Fund	Transfer from Fund	Amour	nt
General Debt Service	General	\$ 256,	625
Capital Projects Fund	Fire Fund	198,	024
General	Park	82,	132
Capital Projects Fund	1998 TIF General Reserve	208,	569
TIF Debt Service	1998 TIF General Revenue	1,524,	784
1998 TIF General Reserve	1998 TIF General Revenue	8,816,	184
1998 TIF General Reserve	TIF Reserve		195
		\$11,086,	513

Transfers are used to move funds from the fund that statute or budget requires such funds to be received in to the fund that statute or budget requires such funds to be disbursed from. Transfers are also used to move unrestricted funds collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

The General Fund transferred out \$256,625 to the General Debt Service Fund to cover debt service requirements. The Park Fund transferred \$82,132 to the General Fund for 2015 debt service related to the park note held in the General Fund. Transfers from the 1998 TIF General Revenue Fund include \$8,816,184 to the 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund and \$1,524,784 to the TIF Debt Service Fund as required by the TIF Agreement. The 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund transferred \$208,569 to the Capital Projects Fund to cover interest and principal reduction on the balance of the note outstanding held in the Capital Project Fund. The Fire Fund transferred \$198,024 to the Capital Projects Fund to reimburse that fund for the balance of certain costs related to the construction of Fire Station 57. The TIF Reserve Fund transferred \$195 to the 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund as required by the TIF Agreement.

Interfund Advances

During 2015, the Capital Projects Fund repaid an outstanding advance of \$198,024 to Fire and EMS Fund.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Litigation

The Township is a defendant in various lawsuits and subject to various claims over which litigation has not yet commenced. Although the outcomes of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and the law director, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Township.

Federal and State Grants

The Township receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the Township believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 15 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

At December 31, 2015, the Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$4,433,089 which is due to recording the notes payable. The General Fund provides transfers to cover fund deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed and not when accruals occur.

NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCE:

The fund balances for all governmental funds are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other non-major governmental funds are presented as follows:

	Gene	ral Fund	Polic	e District	Fir	e & EMS	1998 TIF General Reserve		1998 TIF General Revenue	 Debt rvice	Capi	tal Projects	Non-m Governm Fund	ental	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid Items Inventory of Supplies Interfund Loans	\$	6,730	\$	7,593	\$	25,563	\$	- {	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$	- -		3,954 8,245 -	\$	63,840 168,245
Total Nonspendable		6,730		7,593		25,563		-	-	-		-	19	2,199		232,085
Restricted for:																
Public safety		-		3,435,186		4,607,567		-	-	-		-		-		8,042,753
Public Works		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		9,268		4,779,268
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		5,589		5,589
Purposes Permitted by TIF Agreement Conservation-		-		-		-	2,004,3	323	9,221,130	143		-	2,13	9,189		13,364,785
Recreation		-		-		-		_	-			-	183	0.337		1,830,337
Public Health		-		-		-		-	-	-		-	,	4,778		484,778
Other Purposes		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		29,611		29,611
Total Restricted		-		3,435,186		4,607,567	2,004,3	323	9,221,130	143		-	9,26	8,772		28,537,121
Assigned:																
Other Purposes		64,828		-		-		-	-	-		-		-		64,828
Total Assigned		64,828		-		-		-	-	-		-		-		64,828
Unassigned (Deficit)		9,444,239		-		-		-	-	-		(4,433,089)		-		5,011,150
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,515,797	\$	3,442,779	\$	4,633,130	\$ 2,004,3	323 \$	<u>9,221,130</u>	\$ 143	\$	(4,433,089)	\$ 9,46	0,971	\$	33,845,184

NOTE 17 – RELATED ORGANIZATION:

The Deerfield Regional Storm Water District is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District was created on October 31, 2003 by the Warren County Court of Common Pleas to provide storm water management services to the residents in the vicinity of Deerfield Township in accordance with the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 6119.

Although the Deerfield Township Trustees appoint three Trustees to manage the District, the Township Trustees cannot impose their will on the District; the District is not fiscally dependent on the Township and the District does not represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the Township. Accordingly, the District is being disclosed as a related organization of the Township.

The District issues its own financial statements which can be obtained by writing to the Deerfield Regional Storm Water District, 4900 Parkway Drive, Suite 150, Deerfield Township, OH 45040.

Note 18 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION:

For 2015, the Township implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.* GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported December 31, 2014:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net position December 31, 2014	\$ 89,991,942
Adjustments:	
Net Pension Liability	(8,422,382)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent	
to Measurement Date	780,223
	¢ 00 0 10 500
Restated Net Position December 31, 2014	\$ 82,349,783

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the Township made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Charges for Services Fees, Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other	\$ 1,678,000 34,800 574,000 80,000 517,000 2,000 80,000	\$ 1,849,004 47,300 584,500 80,000 822,566 2,000 146,884	\$ 1,828,782 46,256 576,389 76,369 822,047 24 146,731	\$ (20,222) (1,044) (8,111) (3,631) (519) (1,976) (153)
Total Revenues	2,965,800	3,532,254	3,496,598	(35,656)
Expenditures Current General Government Trustees				
Personal Services Other	94,880 12,863	94,880 12,863	91,481 11,478	3,399 1,385
Fiscal Other Administrator	205,558	203,663	152,738	50,925
Personal Services Other	413,493 83,785	416,493 281,555	412,330 245,929	4,163 35,626
Human Resources Other Public Relations	18,890	18,890	10,048	8,842
Other Service Buildings	72,222	72,222	56,752	15,470
Other Community Development	326,370	330,370	289,127	41,243
Personal Services Other Administration	287,000 133,622	287,000 134,457	270,296 68,975	16,704 65,482
Other Public Works Street Lighting	1,047,505	1,050,705	901,242	149,463
Other	25,716	25,716	13,175	12,541

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ - 170,408	\$ 1,947,831 30,000	\$ 1,775,000 26,435	\$ 172,831 <u>3,565</u>
Total Expenditures	2,892,312	4,906,645	4,325,006	581,639
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	73,488	(1,374,391)	(828,408)	545,983
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Sale of Notes Transfers In Transfers Out	1,787,000 (250,000)	1,787,000 82,132 (256,625)	1,719,302 82,132 (256,625)	(67,698)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,537,000	1,612,507	1,544,809	(67,698)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,610,488	238,116	716,401	478,285
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	10,134,724 98,488	10,134,724 98,488	10,134,724 98,488	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 11,843,700	\$ 10,471,328	\$ 10,949,613	\$ 478,285

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Police District Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetee	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Other	\$ 3,432,000 528,000 300,000	\$ 3,511,417 548,325 202,000	\$ 3,645,664 547,326 192,498	\$ 134,247 (999) (9,502)		
Total Revenues	4,260,000	4,261,742	4,385,488	123,746		
Expenditures Current Public Safety Police Other	3,423,313	3,423,313	3,365,616	57,697		
Total Expenditures	3,423,313	3,423,313	3,365,616	57,697		
Net Change in Fund Balance	836,687	838,429	1,019,872	181,443		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,163,124 20,319	2,163,124 20,319	2,163,124 20,319	-		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 3,020,130	\$ 3,021,872	\$ 3,203,315	\$ 181,443		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Fire Special Levy Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Charges for Services Intergovernmental	\$ 5,900,000 45,000 800,000	\$ 5,872,976 195,000 747,000	\$ 6,197,628 193,938 746,301	\$ 324,652 (1,062) (699)
Total Revenues	6,745,000	6,814,976	7,137,867	322,891
Expenditures Current Public Safety Fire and EMS Personal Services Other	4,134,875 4,126,850	3,578,345 3,972,296	3,232,394 3,597,499	345,951 374,797
Total Expenditures	8,261,725	7,550,641	6,829,893	720,748
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,516,725)	(735,665)	307,974	1,043,639
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Advances In Transfers Out	200,000	198,024 (198,024)	198,024 (198,024)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	200,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,316,725)	(735,665)	307,974	1,043,639
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,798,906 43,470	3,798,906 43,470	3,798,906 43,470	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,525,651	\$ 3,106,711	\$ 4,150,350	\$ 1,043,639

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Ambulance and EMS Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetec	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 597,764	\$ (2,236)		
Total Revenues	600,000	600,000	597,764	(2,236)		
Expenditures Current Public Safety EMS Personal Services Other	<u> </u>	600,000 20,000	595,694 18,911	4,306		
Total Expenditures		620,000	614,605	5,395		
Net Change in Fund Balance	600,000	(20,000)	(16,841)	3,159		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	512,732	512,732	512,732			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,112,732	\$ 492,732	\$ 495,891	\$ 3,159		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual 1998 TIF General Reserve Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetec	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues Interest Other	\$ 700	\$	\$	\$ 79	
Total Revenues	700	1,450	1,529	79	
Expenditures Current Capital Outlay Payments to Schools	5,888,518 4,009,982	5,975,158 4,000,794	4,450,226 4,000,794	1,524,932	
Total Expenditures	9,898,500	9,975,952	8,451,020	1,524,932	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(9,897,800)	(9,974,502)	(8,449,491)	1,525,011	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	8,815,679	8,816,379 (208,569)	8,816,379 (208,569)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,815,679	8,607,810	8,607,810		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,082,121)	(1,366,692)	158,319	1,525,011	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,619,091 168,727	1,619,091 168,727	1,619,091 168,727	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 705,697	\$ 421,126	\$ 1,946,137	\$ 1,525,011	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual 1998 TIF General Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Interest	\$ 9,640,379 500	\$ 11,500,000 500	\$ 11,385,665 502	\$ (114,335) 2	
Total Revenues	9,640,879	11,500,500	11,386,167	(114,333)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	(7,000,000)	640,379 (10,340,968)	(10,340,968)	(640,379)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,000,000)	(9,700,589)	(10,340,968)	(640,379)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,640,879	1,799,911	1,045,199	(754,712)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,175,931	8,175,931	8,175,931		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 10,816,810	\$ 9,975,842	\$ 9,221,130	\$ (754,712)	

Deerfield Township Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Two Years *

	 2014	2013		
Entity's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.012202%		0.012202%	
Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,471,753	\$	1,438,511	
Entity's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,749,388	\$	1,728,741	
Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	84.13%		83.21%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability	86.45%		86.36%	
* Information prior to 2013 is not available.				

Amounts presented as of the Entity's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Deerfield Township Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Two Years *

	 2014	2013		
Entity's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1433967%		0.1433967%	
Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,428,549	\$	6,983,871	
Entity's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,198,282	\$	2,186,212	
Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	337.93%		319.45%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability	72.20%		73.00%	
* Information prior to 2013 is not available.				

Amounts presented as of the Entity's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Deerfield Township Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Entity Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Three Years *

	 2015	 2014	2013		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 250,157	\$ 230,090	\$	228,037	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (250,157)	 (230,090)		(228,037)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$		
Entity Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,844,975	\$ 1,749,388	\$	1,728,741	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.56%	13.15%		13.19%	

* Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Deerfield Township Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Entity Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 630,405	\$ 621,321	\$ 595,835	\$ 557,970	\$ 554,054
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(630,405)	(621,321)	(595,835)	(557,970)	(554,054)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>				
Entity Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,257,722	\$ 2,198,282	\$ 2,186,212	\$ 2,084,533	\$ 2,041,298
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	27.92%	28.26%	27.25%	26.77%	27.14%
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 541,227	\$ 389,533	\$ 498,950	\$ 446,200	\$ 455,902
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(541,227)	(389,533)	(498,950)	(446,200)	(455,902)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Entity Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,321,069	\$ 1,591,369	\$ 1,679,371	\$ 1,439,766	\$ 1,430,977

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP WARREN COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

NOTE A – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

While the Township is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures on the budgetary basis.

The following summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP statements and the budgetary basis schedule.

	(General	 Police District	 Fire & EMS*	(998 TIF General Reserve	1998 TIF General Revenue
GAAP Basis	\$	889,766	\$ 1,101,786	\$ 241,197	\$	216,505	\$ 1,045,199
Revenue Accruals		(10,388)	(20,824)	2,454		-	-
Expenditure Accruals		(60,797)	5,991	30,435		952,966	-
Encumbrances		(102,180)	(67,081)	(180,977)	(1,011,152)	-
Advances			 	 198,024			
Budgetary Basis	\$	716,401	\$ 1,019,872	\$ 291,133	\$	158,319	\$ 1,045,199

* The Fire and EMS Fund is a consolidation of the Fire Special Levy Fund and the Ambulance and EMS Fund for GAAP reporting purposes only. The Township budgets separately for the Fire Special Levy Fund and the Ambulance and EMS Fund.

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COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL

FUND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Motor Vehicle

To account for the additional motor vehicle license tax levied by Warren County for routine road and maintenance repairs.

Gasoline Tax

To account for the gasoline tax fees used for routine maintenance of state highways within the Township.

Road and Bridge

To account for property taxes used for routine maintenance of roads and bridges in the Township.

Cemetery

To account for monies received for the operation and maintenance of the cemetery.

Park

To account for property taxes received and used for maintenance of the Township parks.

Permissive Motor Vehicle

To account for permissive taxes received and used for maintenance of roads in the Township.

Street Lighting

To account for assessments levied on property owners for the purpose of street lights within the Township.

<u>FEMA</u>

To account for the expenditures and subsequent reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency associated with specific events or occurrences. The Township did not budget this fund during 2015 as no cash activity occurred during the year.

Issue II

To account for state funding used in street improvement of the Township. The Township did not budget this fund during 2015 as no cash activity occurred during the year.

TIF Reserve

To account for funds held as restricted cash per the tax increment financing agreements.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Continued)

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

General Debt Service

To account for transfers from other funds for the payment of general obligation bonded debt.

Special Assessment Debt Service

To account for special assessments collected for the payment of special assessment bonded debt with governmental commitment.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:		* * * * *	• • 100 150		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 7,176,869	\$ 5,589	\$ 7,182,458		
Receivables:	2 207 090		2 207 090		
Taxes	2,307,080	-	2,307,080		
Intergovernmental	234,363	-	234,363		
Special Assessments	512,400	-	512,400		
Supplies Inventory	168,245	-	168,245		
Prepaid Items	23,954	-	23,954		
Restricted Assets:	0 100 100		0 100 100		
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	2,139,189		2,139,189		
Total Assets	\$ 12,562,100	\$ 5,589	\$ 12,567,689		
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 63,096	\$ -	\$ 63,096		
Accrued Salaries Payable	50,882	-	50,882		
Total Liabilities	113,978		113,978		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Revenues Levied for the Next Year and					
Unavailable Revenue	2,992,740		2,992,740		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:	2,992,740		2,992,740		
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable	192,199	_	192,199		
Restricted	9,263,183	5,589	9,268,772		
Restricted	7,205,105	5,507	9,200,112		
Total Fund Balances	9,455,382	5,589	9,460,971		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources, Liabilities					
and Fund Balances	\$ 12,562,100	\$ 5,589	\$ 12,567,689		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	¢ 24((522		\$ 2,466,522
Property and Other Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 2,466,522 445,103	\$ -	\$ 2,466,522 445,103
Special Assessments	443,103	- 77,949	573,691
Charges for Services	485,667	-	485,667
Interest	214	_	214
Other	42,546	-	42,546
Total Revenues	3,935,794	77,949	4,013,743
Expenditures: Current:			
Public Health	334,137	-	334,137
Public Works	2,375,209	-	2,375,209
Conservation-Recreation	904,227	-	904,227
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	-	280,000	280,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		54,625	54,625
Total Expenditures	3,613,573	334,625	3,948,198
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	322,221	(256,676)	65,545
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers-In	-	256,625	256,625
Transfers-Out	(82,327)		(82,327)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(82,327)	256,625	174,298
Net Change in Fund Balance	239,894	(51)	239,843
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	9,215,488	5,640	9,221,128
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,455,382	\$ 5,589	\$ 9,460,971

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2015

	Motor Vehicle		Gasoline Tax		Road and Bridge		Cemetery		Park	
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	419,002	\$	606,500	\$	940,840	\$	496,859	\$	1,862,385
Receivables:	Ψ	119,002	Ψ	000,000	Ψ	910,010	φ	190,009	Ψ	1,002,000
Property and Other Taxes		-		-		1,271,239		-		991,974
Intergovernmental		30,593		110,770		87,100		-		5,900
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Supplies Inventory		-		-		168,245 9,832		-		-
Prepaid Items Restricted Assets:		-		-		9,832		2,332		11,790
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	449,595	\$	717,270	\$	2,477,256	\$	499,191	\$	2,872,049
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,279	\$	4,117	\$	16,700
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		-		-		27,570		7,964		15,348
Total Liabilities		-		-		39,849		12,081		32,048
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Revenues Levied for the Next Year and										
Unavailable Revenue		19,863		73,847		1,358,339		-		997,874
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:		19,863		73,847		1,358,339		-		997,874
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable		_		_		178,077		2,332		11,790
Restricted		429,732		643,423		900,991		484,778		1,830,337
		-)						- ,		<u> </u>
Total Fund Balance		429,732		643,423		1,079,068		487,110		1,842,127
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	449,595	\$	717,270	\$	2,477,256	\$	499,191	\$	2,872,049

ermissive tor Vehicle	 Street Lighting	 FEMA	 Issue II	1	TF Reserve	R	Total Nonmajor Special evenue Funds
\$ 762,098	\$ 2,059,574	\$ 2,500	\$ 27,111	\$	-	\$	7,176,869
43,867	-	-	-		-		2,307,080
-	-	-	-		-		234,363
-	512,400	-	-		-		512,400
-	-	-	-		-		168,245
-	-	-	-		-		23,954
 	 	 	 -		2,139,189		2,139,189
\$ 805,965	\$ 2,571,974	\$ 2,500	\$ 27,111	\$	2,139,189	\$	12,562,100
\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	63,096
 -	 -	 -	 -		-		50,882
 	 30,000	 -	 		-		113,978
 30,417	 512,400	 	 -				2,992,740
 30,417	 512,400	 	 				2,992,740
-	-	-	-		-		192,199
 775,548	 2,029,574	 2,500	 27,111		2,139,189		9,263,183
 775,548	 2,029,574	 2,500	 27,111		2,139,189		9,455,382
\$ 805,965	\$ 2,571,974	\$ 2,500	\$ 27,111	\$	2,139,189	\$	12,562,100

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Motor Vehicle	Gasoline Tax	Road and Bridge	Cemetery	Park
Revenues: Property and Other Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 46,404	\$ <u>-</u> 227,113	\$ 1,307,525 158,201	\$ - -	\$ 1,050,992 13,385
Special Assessments Charges for Services Interest Other		- - 1	51,867 	347,665	86,135 4,206
Total Revenues	46,404	227,114	1,553,576	350,022	1,154,718
Expenditures: Current: Public Health Public Works Conservation-Recreation	- - -	740,902	1,224,994	334,137	904,227
Total Expenditures		740,902	1,224,994	334,137	904,227
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	46,404	(513,788)	328,582	15,885	250,491
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-Out					(82,132)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(82,132)
Net Change in Fund Balance	46,404	(513,788)	328,582	15,885	168,359
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	383,328	1,157,211	750,486	471,225	1,673,768
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 429,732	\$ 643,423	\$ 1,079,068	\$ 487,110	\$ 1,842,127

ermissive tor Vehicle	 Street Lighting	F	EMA	I	ssue II	<u> </u>	TF Reserve	Total Nonmajor Special wenue Funds
\$ 108,005	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,466,522
-	-		-		-		-	445,103
-	495,742		-		-		-	495,742
- 1	-		-		-		212	485,667 214
-	-		-		-		-	42,546
 	 							 .2,010
 108,006	 495,742		-		-		212	 3,935,794
-	409,313		- -		-		-	334,137 2,375,209
 -	 -				-		-	 904,227
-	409,313		-		-		-	3,613,573
 108,006	 86,429		-		-		212	 322,221
 	 						(195)	 (82,327)
 -	 		-		-		(195)	 (82,327)
108,006	86,429		-		-		17	239,894
 667,542	 1,943,145		2,500		27,111		2,139,172	 9,215,488
\$ 775,548	\$ 2,029,574	\$	2,500	\$	27,111	\$	2,139,189	\$ 9,455,382

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2015

	General Debt Service		Ass	pecial essment t Service	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	5,589	\$	5,589	
Total Assets	\$	_	\$	5,589	\$	5,589	
Fund Balance: Restricted	\$	_	\$	5,589	\$	5,589	
Total Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	5,589	\$	5,589	

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP

WARREN COUNTY, OHIO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	General Debt Service	Special Assessment Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
Revenues:	\$ -	¢ 77.040	¢ 77.040
Special Assessments	D -	\$ 77,949	\$ 77,949
Total Revenues		77,949	77,949
Expenditures: Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	205,000	75,000	280,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	51,625	3,000	54,625
Total Expenditures	256,625	78,000	334,625
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(256,625)	(51)	(256,676)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers-In	256,625		256,625
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	256,625		256,625
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(51)	(51)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,640	5,640
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 5,589	\$ 5,589

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Motor Vehicle Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budg Original	eted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Interest	\$ 45,00 3(00 \$ 45,000 00 300	\$ 41,793	\$ (3,207) (300)	
Total Revenues	45,30	45,300	41,793	(3,507)	
Expenditures Total Expenditures		<u> </u>			
Net Change in Fund Balance	45,30	45,300	41,793	(3,507)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	377,20)9 377,209	377,209	<u> </u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 422,50	9 \$ 422,509	\$ 419,002	\$ (3,507)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetec	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues	¢ 210.000	¢ 2 10,000	ф 227 925	ф 17.025	
Property and Other Local Taxes Interest	\$ 210,000 300	\$ 210,000 300	\$ 227,835 1	\$ 17,835 (299)	
Total Revenues	210,300	210,300	227,836	17,536	
Expenditures Current Public Works Streets Other	148,235	743,235	740,902	2,333	
Total Expenditures	148,235	743,235	740,902	2,333	
Net Change in Fund Balance	62,065	(532,935)	(513,066)	19,869	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	971,331 148,235	971,331 148,235	971,331 148,235	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,181,631	\$ 586,631	\$ 606,500	\$ 19,869	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Road and Bridge Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Other	\$ 1,232,000 168,000 88,500	\$ 1,241,423 159,000 88,077	\$ 1,307,525 158,201 87,850	\$ 66,102 (799) (227)
Total Revenues	1,488,500	1,488,500	1,553,576	65,076
Expenditures Current Public Works Streets Personal Services Other	517,000 1,481,727	533,500 728,378	528,227 694,947	5,273 33,431
Total Expenditures	1,998,727	1,261,878	1,223,174	38,704
Net Change in Fund Balance	(510,227)	226,622	330,402	103,780
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	570,449 8,013	570,449 8,013	570,449 8,013	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 68,235	\$ 805,084	\$ 908,864	\$ 103,780

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Cemetery Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	<u> </u>		11000001	(0114/014010)	
Revenues Charges for Services Other	\$ 317,000 500	\$ 351,000 500	\$ 349,580 442	\$ (1,420) (58)	
Total Revenues	317,500	351,500	350,022	(1,478)	
Expenditures Current Health Cemeteries Personal Services Other	154,000 195,825	165,000 199,825	164,263 187,728	737 12,097	
Total Expenditures	349,825	364,825	351,991	12,834	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,325)	(13,325)	(1,969)	11,356	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	477,898 7,183	477,898 7,183	477,898 7,183	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 452,756	\$ 471,756	\$ 483,112	\$ 11,356	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Park Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetee	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Charges for Services Intergovernmental Other	\$ 980,000 32,000 30,000 60,000	\$ 1,007,662 19,250 56,715 72,000	\$ 1,007,662 18,613 56,715 71,728	\$	
Total Revenues	1,102,000	1,155,627	1,154,718	(909)	
Expenditures Current Conservation-Recreation Parks Personal Services Other	290,000 654,725	328,000 691,725	322,589 603,018	5,411 88,707	
Total Expenditures	944,725	1,019,725	925,607	94,118	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	157,275	135,902	229,111	93,209	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(82,132)	17,868	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(82,132)	17,868	
Net Change in Fund Balance	57,275	35,902	146,979	111,077	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,666,741 9,358	1,666,741 9,358	1,666,741 9,358	-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,733,374	\$ 1,712,001	\$ 1,823,078	\$ 111,077	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budgeted	l Amo	ı		Final Fa	nce with Budget vorable	
	(Driginal		Final	 Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes Interest	\$	106,000 300	\$	109,000 300	\$ 108,391 1	\$	(609) (299)	
Total Revenues		106,300		109,300	 108,392		(908)	
Expenditures Total Expenditures				-	 -			
Net Change in Fund Balance		106,300		109,300	108,392		(908)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		653,706		653,706	 653,706		-	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	760,006	\$	763,006	\$ 762,098	\$	(908)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Street Lighting Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetee		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Special Assessments	\$ 450,000	\$ 495,742	\$ 495,742	\$ -
Total Revenues	450,000	495,742	495,742	
Expenditures Current Public Works Lighting Other	403,463	415,765	411,699	4,066
Total Expenditures	403,463	415,765	411,699	4,066
Net Change in Fund Balance	46,537	79,977	84,043	4,066
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,972,068 3,463	1,972,068 3,463	1,972,068 3,463	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,022,068	\$ 2,055,508	\$ 2,059,574	\$ 4,066

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual TIF Reserve Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Interest	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 212	\$ (38)
Total Revenues	250	250	212	(38)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(300) (300)	(195)	105
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300) (300)	(195)	105
Net Change in Fund Balance	(50) (50)	17	67
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,139,172	2,139,172	2,139,172	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,139,122	\$ 2,139,122	\$ 2,139,189	\$ 67

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Total Revenues	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	<u>\$ </u>
Expenditures Current Debt Service				
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	195,000 305,000	205,000 295,000	205,000 51,625	243,375
Total Expenditures	500,000	500,000	256,625	243,375
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(500,000)	(500,000)	(256,625)	(243,375)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	500,000	500,000	256,625	(243,375)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000	500,000	256,625	(243,375)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Special Assessment Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Special Assessments	\$ 182,000	\$ 182,000	\$ 77,949	\$ (104,051)
Total Revenues	182,000	182,000	77,949	(104,051)
Expenditures Current Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	160,000 20,000	160,000 20,000	75,000 3,000	85,000 17,000
Total Expenditures	180,000	180,000	78,000	102,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,000	2,000	(51)	(2,051)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,640	5,640	5,640	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 7,640	\$ 7,640	\$ 5,589	\$ (2,051)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual TIF Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues Interest	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 42	\$ (158)
Total Revenues	200	200	42	(158)
Expenditures Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,220,000 968,000	1,345,000 848,000	1,345,000 820,057	27,943
Total Expenditures	2,188,000	2,193,000	2,165,057	27,943
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,187,800)	(2,192,800)	(2,165,015)	27,785
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	2,391,972	2,346,972	1,524,784	(822,188)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,391,972	2,346,972	1,524,784	(822,188)
Net Change in Fund Balance	204,172	154,172	(640,231)	(794,403)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	640,374	640,374	640,374	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 844,546	\$ 794,546	\$ 143	\$ (794,403)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
				<u> </u>
Revenues				
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures				
Current				
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	4,900,000	4,800,000	4,764,000	36,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	112,000	62,000	14,252	47,748
Other	35,000	25,000	17,959	7,041
Capital Outlay	500,000	500,000	436,085	63,915
Total Expenditures	5,547,000	5,387,000	5,232,296	154,704
Totul Experialities	5,547,000	5,587,000	5,252,270	134,704
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,547,000)	(5,387,000)	(5,232,296)	154,704
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Notes	4,800,000	4,822,642	4,587,642	(235,000)
Transfers In	800,000	998,024	406,593	(591,431)
Transfers Out	(321,507)	-	-	-
Advances Out	(200,000)	(198,024)	(198,024)	
	5 0 5 0 4 0 2	5 (22 (12	1 70 (01 1	(02(121)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,078,493	5,622,642	4,796,211	(826,431)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(468,507)	235,642	(436,085)	(671,727)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	76,000	76,000	76,000	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	500,000	500,000	500,000	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 107,493	\$ 811,642	\$ 139,915	\$ (671,727)

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Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the Township's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Township's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> Financial Trends	Page(s)
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Township's financial position has changed over time.	100-103
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the Township's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, property tax.	105-109
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Township's current levels of outstanding debt and the Township's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	110-113
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Township's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time among governments.	114-115
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Township's financial report related to the services the Township provides and the activities it performs.	116-118
Sources Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The Township implemented GASB Statement No. 34 on a cash basis in	

The Township implemented GASB Statement No. 34 on a cash basis in 2005; schedules presenting government-wide information begin in that year.

Deerfield Township

Warren County, Ohio Net Position By Component Last Ten Years Accrual basis of accounting (1)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 57,009,590	\$52,069,128	\$45,967,434	\$42,546,793	\$41,213,284	\$35,310,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted:										
Other Purposes	16,098,409	14,664,325	12,090,129	11,919,865	10,259,971	8,379,992	2,829,513	18,646,070	17,043,449	14,188,998
Debt Service	5,589	83,640	263,764	442,611	636,657	828,316	5,821,639	1,397,746	1,911,625	805,926
Purposes Permitted by TIF Agreement	13,301,904	12,674,957	14,159,675	13,940,644	12,390,671	15,498,096	16,438,750	260,431	543,743	544,667
Unrestricted	3,819,007	10,499,892	9,906,296	7,587,161	6,009,513	5,608,489	3,117,823	4,253,117	6,722,554	8,101,740
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 90,234,499	\$89,991,942	\$ 82,387,298	\$76,437,074	\$70,510,096	\$65,625,529	\$28,207,725	\$24,557,364	\$26,221,371	\$23,641,331

Notes:

The accrual basis of accounting was implemented in 2009. GASB 68 was implemented in 2015. Net position for 2014 (and prior years) was not restated.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (1) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)(2)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 703,289	\$ 695,720	\$ 699,878	\$ 678,682	\$ 682,245	\$ 594,591	\$ 545,759	\$ 445,605	\$ 912,880	\$ 811,928
Public Safety	834,410	870,797	650,137	706,261	697,007	797,440	1,377,366	557,714	564,160	474,478
Public Works	35,983	40,583	42,155	13,137	29,519	85,181	186,791	-	-	-
Public Health	350,022	300,925	282,302	213,427	224,397	175,904	245,695		191,431	252,147
Conservation-Recreation	90,341	91,738	57,251	55,173	45,259	45,616	7,590	20,400	26,855	572,087
Subtotal - Charges for Services	2,014,045	1,999,763	1,731,723	1,666,680	1,678,427	1,698,732	2,363,201	1,023,719	1,695,326	2,110,640
Operating Grants and Contributions:										
General Government					-	-		-		
Public Safety	234,409	272,374	292,316	265,831	654,483	-	1,118,486	-	2,500	15,000
Public Works	495,742	568,815	489,005	541,312	555,945	516,440	-			
Public Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112,083	-	-
Conservation-Recreation						-		900		
Subtotal - Operating Grants and Contributions	730,151	841,189	781,321	807,143	1,210,428	516,440	1,118,486	112,983	2,500	15,000
Capital Grants and Contributions:										100 127
Public Safety Public Works	699	1,947	82,473	59,289	48,574	301,558	-			198,137
	699	1,947	82,473	59,289	48,574	301,558	6,775			198,137
Subtotal - Capital Grants and Contributions	699	1,947	82,473	59,289	48,374	301,338	0,775			198,137
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	2,744,895	2,842,899	2,595,517	2,533,112	2,937,429	2,516,730	3,488,462	1,136,702	1,697,826	2,323,777
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	2,418,732	2,392,920	2,234,629	2,345,345	2,796,902	2,658,125	3,752,960	5,919,349	4,487,434	3,257,143
Payment to Schools	4,000,794	3,883,501	3,827,347	3,615,724	3,747,902	3,794,940	2,757,915	3,209,671	2,083,925	1,994,975
Public Safety	9,990,061	9,724,650	9,490,775	9,105,315	8,771,791	8,302,665	8,341,722	7,270,355	6,390,822	5,927,124
Public Works	3,729,347	3,210,184	4,297,941	4,542,924	3,807,977	2,371,446	1,715,503	946,781	2,112,060	1,783,400
Public Health	391,680	357,953	279,358	266,898	314,611	300,002	302,252	-	-	219,172
Conservation-Recreation	1,504,371	1,399,665	1,385,890	1,299,175	1,161,364	1,355,712	1,281,088	573,243	479,167	605,989
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,626,876	1,147,721	14,326,236
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,400,000	25,661,000	18,062,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	850,214	1,576,509	1,195,730	1,399,469	1,783,361	1,636,212	1,767,060	1,873,665	1,902,536	1,819,347
Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185,388	206,553	-
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	22,885,199	22,545,382	22,711,670	22,574,850	22,383,908	20,419,102	19,918,500	40,005,328	44,471,218	47,995,386
Total Government Activites Net Expense	(20,140,304)	(19,702,483)	(20,116,153)	(20,041,738)	(19,446,479)	(17,902,372)	(16,430,038)	(38,868,626)	(42,773,392)	(45,671,609)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities Taxes:										
Property and Other Local Taxes Levied For:										
General Purposes	1,116,226	1,163,053	1,140,372	1,139,778	819,818	844,381	934,438	10,354,441	15,800,700	15,402,453
Public Works	1,289,596	1,283,436	1,249,927	1,297,339	1,295,461	1,387,517	1,483,433			
Public Safety	9,817,118	9,820,979	8,101,391	8,330,088	8,597,950	6,133,448	5,962,138	_	-	_
Recreation	1,038,537	1,042,603	807,401	811,759	803,421	720,673	806,794	_	_	_
Other Taxes	1,435,265	1,318,400	1,416,694	1,581,179	1,509,099	1,454,393	-	_	-	_
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to	1,155,265	1,510,100	1,110,051	1,001,177	1,507,077	1,101,000				
Specific Programs	1,941,052	1,695,008	3,770,113	2,476,832	1,861,080	1,211,390	2,220,996	2,467,973	3,172,502	3,226,978
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	11,385,665	10,977,917	9,751,884	10,316,631	10,121,796	9,759,328	9,252,914	7,279,022	-	-
Bonds Issued	-	-		-	-	-	-	5,200,000	8,770,000	-
Notes Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,980,000	16,280,000	27,346,000
Investment Income	1,561	5,731	9,156	15,110	12,421	24,141	153,538	621,041	1,299,689	1,111,175
Miscellaneous					(690,000)			302,142	30,541	1,393,083
Total Governmental Activites	28,025,020	27,307,127	26,246,938	25,968,716	24,331,046	21,535,271	20,814,251	37,204,619	45,353,432	48,479,689
Total Government Activities Change in Net Position	\$ 7,884,716	\$ 7,604,644	\$ 6,130,785	\$ 5,926,978	\$ 4,884,567	\$ 3,632,899	\$ 4,384,213	\$ (1,664,007)	\$ 2,580,040	\$ 2,808,080

The Township implemented the reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 in 2005 on a cash basis.
 The accrual basis of accounting was implemented in 2009.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,637	\$ 219,597	\$ 234,948	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	3,826,965	3,742,610	4,253,117	6,722,554	8,101,740
Nonspendable	6,730	6,904	108,457	609,193	1,205,932	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	64,828	78,285	62,065	47,649	49,928	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	9,444,239	8,540,842	8,286,630	4,955,835	2,865,827					
Total General Fund	9,515,797	8,626,031	8,457,152	5,612,677	4,121,687	3,862,602	3,962,207	4,488,065	6,722,554	8,101,740
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	1,030,289	589,961	668,721	-	-
Unreserved, Undesignated, Reported in:										
Special Revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	21,699,327	20,883,246	17,742,401	17,043,450	14,188,998
Debt Service funds	-	-	-	-	-	3,408	3,890	1,397,746	1,911,624	805,926
Capital Projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	(10,381,316)	(10,681,055)	260,431	543,743	544,667
Nonspendable	225,355	439,208	1,602,766	175,707	174,270	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	28,537,121	26,118,969	23,643,816	24,765,712	21,496,418	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(4,433,089)	(4,845,663)	(5,516,369)	(5,188,657)	(5,691,282)					
Total All Other Governmental Funds	24,329,387	21,712,514	19,730,213	19,752,762	15,979,406	12,351,708	10,796,042	20,069,299	19,498,817	15,539,591
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 33,845,184	\$ 30,338,545	\$ 28,187,365	\$ 25,365,439	\$ 20,101,093	\$ 16,214,310	\$ 14,758,249	\$ 24,557,364	\$ 26,221,371	\$ 23,641,331

The Township implemented the reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 in 2005 on a cash basis.
 The Township implemented the reporting requirments of GASB Statement No. 54 in 2011.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	201	.5	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011		2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	 2006
Revenues												
Property and Other Taxes	\$ 14,5	575,148	\$ 14,333,550	\$ 12,461,465	\$ 12,468,133	\$ 12,396,144	\$	9,905,890	\$ 9,183,471	\$ 9,711,147	\$ 16,673,839	\$ 16,297,169
Intergovernmental	2,1	86,205	2,073,024	3,960,813	2,516,189	2,588,035		1,951,775	2,755,394	2,260,299	1,853,719	2,085,511
Special Assessments	5	73,691	674,191	666,258	678,222	694,109		697,428	677,968	643,294	646,760	176,047
Charges for Services	1,2	279,228	1,260,588	1,036,313	1,054,222	1,021,548		850,382	1,363,086	1,023,719	1,083,138	1,149,957
Licenses, Permits and Fees	5	30,992	536,948	583,115	537,002	532,001		497,576	89,360	80,630	93,528	830,314
Fines and Forfeitures		74.832	78.251	78.044	50,707	165,497		227,835	88,738	127.044	101,760	137,473
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	11.3	85,665	10,977,917	9,751,884	10,316,631	10,121,796		9,759,328	8,651,761	7,279,022	-	-
Interest	,-	1,561	5,731	9,156	15,110	12,421		32,802	153,538	621,041	1,299,689	1,111,175
Contributions and Donations			-	-				309,757			-,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-
Other	4	61,721	 506,560	 574,721	 1,088,104	 744,075		-	 903,476	 415,125	 461,626	 1,698,292
Total Revenues	31.0	069,043	30,446,760	29,121,769	28,724,320	28,275,626		24,232,773	23,866,792	22,161,321	22,214,059	23,485,938
		,0,,015	 50,110,700	 27,121,707	 20,721,020	 20,270,020		21,232,113	 20,000,772	 22,101,021	 22,211,000	 20,100,700
Expenditures												
Current:												
General Government		388,082	2,295,942	2,159,169	2,346,246	2,768,362		2,666,620	3,440,009	5,919,349	4,487,434	3,257,143
Payments to Schools		00,794	3,883,501	3,827,347	3,615,724	3,747,902		3,794,940	2,757,915	3,209,671	2,083,925	1,994,975
Public Safety		598,482	10,294,661	9,053,857	8,704,611	8,444,799		7,973,554	7,905,659	7,004,374	6,191,460	5,927,124
Public Works	2,3	375,209	2,100,788	3,177,857	3,059,941	3,081,949		2,161,346	1,581,513	946,781	2,112,060	1,783,400
Public Health	3	370,965	333,173	262,506	251,116	321,012		299,613	284,418	265,981	199,362	219,172
Conservation-Recreation	9	04,227	880,593	700,110	767,675	637,275		790,637	677,737	573,243	479,167	605,989
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	4,3	392,040	5,767,518	4,297,370	1,856,821	1,900,534		2,043,643	3,042,638	2,626,873	1,147,721	14,326,236
Principal Retirement	1.6	525,000	4.355.000	1,575,000	1,405,000	17.110.000		1,405,000	1,170,000	17,400,000	25,661,000	18,062,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		07,605	1,634,404	1,246,627	1,432,508	1,955,109		1,697,645	1,814,184	1,873,665	1,902,536	1,819,347
Note Issuance Cost	,	07,005	1,034,404	1,240,027				43,000				1,019,347
		-	 -	 -	 20,332	 32,889	-	<u>, </u>	 69,214	 185,388	 206,553	 -
Total Expenditures	27,5	562,404	 31,545,580	 26,299,843	 23,459,974	 39,999,831		22,875,998	 22,743,287	 40,005,325	 44,471,218	 47,995,386
Excess of Revenues Over			(1.000.000)			(11 55 1 50 5)				(1= 0 1 1 00 1)		
(Under) Expenditures	3,5	506,639	 (1,098,820)	 2,821,926	 5,264,346	 (11,724,205)		1,356,775	 1,123,505	 (17,844,004)	 (22,257,159)	 (24,509,448)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											429.000	
Advances In		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	428,000	-
Advances Out		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(428,000)	-
Sale of Notes		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	10,980,000	16,280,000	27,346,000
Sale of Bonds		-		-	-	14,805,000		-		5,200,000	8,770,000	-
Sale of Assets		-	3,250,000	-	-	225,000				-	-	
Other Financing Sources		-	-	-	-	580,988		99,286	106,696	-		10,010
Other Financing Uses		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(212,801)	(38,482)
Transfers In		086,513	13,660,231	9,408,632	11,705,956	16,750,060		9,056,994	10,171,686	11,233,071	33,720,666	4,141,673
Transfers Out	(11,0	086,513)	 (13,660,231)	 (9,408,632)	 (11,705,956)	 (16,750,060)		(9,056,994)	 (10,171,686)	 (11,233,071)	 (33,720,666)	 (4,141,673)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	 3,250,000	 	 	 15,610,988		99,286	 106,696	 16,180,000	 24,837,199	 27,317,528
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,5	506,639	\$ 2,151,180	\$ 2,821,926	\$ 5,264,346	\$ 3,886,783	\$	1,456,061	\$ 1,230,201	\$ (1,664,004)	\$ 2,580,040	\$ 2,808,080
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital												
Expenditures		11.46%	24.35%	12.70%	13.11%	49.54%		14.93%	14.79%	51.56%	63.62%	59.05%

Deerfield Township

Warren County, Ohio Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

			Tangible Per	rsonal Property					
	Real Property		Public Utility						
Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value					
2015	\$ 995,318,330	\$ 2,843,766,657	\$ 25,892,640	\$ 29,423,455					
2014	995,318,330	2,843,766,657	25,892,640	29,423,455					
2013	978,635,050	2,796,100,150	23,482,240	26,684,360					
2012	967,997,930	2,765,708,370	21,345,790	24,256,580					
2011	995,169,080	2,843,340,230	16,420,540	18,659,700					
2010	991,947,720	2,834,136,343	7,985,970	9,074,966					
2009	987,982,310	2,822,806,600	18,122,300	20,593,523					
2008	1,055,614,250	3,016,040,714	16,902,170	19,207,011					
2007	1,025,580,450	2,930,229,857	16,346,420	18,575,477					
2006	977,778,990	2,793,654,257	21,825,800	24,802,045					

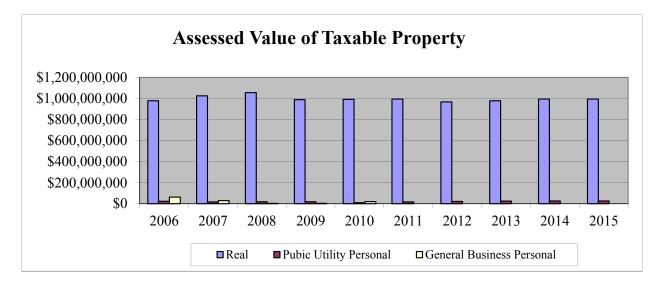
Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax is being phased out beginning in 2006. For collection year 2006 both types of general business tangible personal property were assessed at 18.75 percent. The percentage will be 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2% and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated. Source: County Auditor

	General					<u> </u>	
A	Estimated Assessed Actual Value Value		ual	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Tax Rate Millage
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,021,210,970	\$ 2,873,190,112	35.54%	14.10
	-		-	1,021,210,970	2,873,190,112	35.54%	14.10
	-		-	1,002,117,290	2,822,784,510	35.50%	14.10
	-		-	989,343,720	2,789,964,950	35.46%	12.60
	-		-	1,011,589,620	2,861,999,930	35.35%	12.60
	-		-	999,933,690	2,843,211,309	35.17%	12.60
	2,386,730		-	1,008,491,340	2,843,400,123	35.47%	10.60
	2,777,610	44,4	41,760	1,075,294,030	3,079,689,485	34.92%	10.60
2	28,202,985	225,6	23,880	1,070,129,855	3,174,429,214	33.71%	10.60
(52,471,363	333,1	80,603	1,062,076,153	3,151,636,905	33.70%	10.60

Tangible Personal Property



Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013
General Fund Road and Bridge Police Fire Park Total Millage	$ \begin{array}{r} 0.86 \\ 1.44 \\ 4.00 \\ 6.80 \\ 1.00 \\ 14.10 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 0.86 \\ 1.44 \\ 4.00 \\ 6.80 \\ 1.00 \\ 14.10 \end{array}$	0.86 1.44 4.00 6.80 1.00 14.10
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District			
Mason City School District	83.11	83.97	83.97
City of Mason	6.72	6.72	6.72
Warren County	7.78	7.78	7.78
Warren County Career Center	4.50	4.50	4.50
Special Districts	1.50	1.50	1.50
Mason Public Library	0.75	0.75	0.75
Great Oaks JVSD	2.70	2.70	2.70

Source: County Auditor

Notes: The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

The real property tax rates for the voted levies of the overlapping taxing districts are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86
1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44	1.44
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
6.80	6.80	6.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
12.60	12.60	12.60	10.60	10.60	10.60	10.60
83.97	83.45	83.45	83.45	83.45	83.45	81.76
7.32	7.32	7.32	7.32	7.32	7.32	7.32
7.78	7.78	5.78	5.78	5.21	6.71	6.71
4.50	4.50	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
0.75	0.75	0.75	-	-	-	-
2.70	2.70	0.00	-	-	-	-

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Principal Taxpayers - Real Estate Tax 2015 and 2004

	201	5
Taxpayer	Real Property Assessed Valuation (1)	Percentage of Real Assessed Valuation
Ramco-Gershenson	\$ 33,498,040	3.28%
Duke Realty Ohio	24,156,690	2.37%
Duke Energy Ohio Inc.	20,837,120	2.04%
Somerset at Deerfield	15,887,550	1.56%
Inland American Loveland	11,812,100	1.16%
GC Net Lease	11,382,160	1.11%
Hills Properties, LTD.	10,995,500	1.08%
Kenwood Lincoln-Mercury	10,908,070	1.07%
Sir Mallard Crossing, LLC	10,812,790	1.06%
DDR Waterstone LLC	9,826,810	0.96%
Total	\$ 160,116,830	15.69%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$1,021,210,970	
	200	4
	Real Property	Percentage of Real
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation (1)	Assessed Valuation
Duke Realty Ltd Ptr	\$ 45,581,310	5.67%
Kenwood Lincoln Mercury	10,796,990	1.34%
Cincinnati Gas & Electric	10,254,230	1.28%
Hills Real Estate Group	9,671,350	1.20%
Meijer Inc	7,725,310	0.96%
Costco Wholesales Corp	5,936,450	0.74%
Mallard Crossing Ltd	5,589,090	0.70%
Northeast Cincinnati Hotel	5,534,350	0.69%
Capital Associates Apartments	5,521,630	0.69%
Facs Group	5,476,690	0.68%
Total	\$112,087,400	13.95%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$803,977,431	

Source: County Auditor

(1) The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2015 and 2004 collections were based.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Years

Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2015	\$ 14,439,901	\$ 14,231,400	98.56%	\$ 179,234	\$ 14,410,634	99.80%	\$ 53,219	0.37%
2014	14,401,087	14,010,459	97.29%	171,758	14,182,217	98.48%	228,812	1.59%
2013	12,424,662	12,040,389	96.91%	188,340	12,228,729	98.42%	204,981	1.65%
2012	12,671,194	12,179,725	96.12%	194,633	12,374,358	97.66%	387,105	3.06%
2011	12,644,315	12,057,829	95.36%	193,760	12,251,589	96.89%	392,726	3.11%
2010	9,691,972	9,195,469	94.88%	196,168	9,391,637	96.90%	300,396	3.10%
2009	9,396,133	9,240,189	98.34%	225,644	9,396,133	100.00%	289,085	3.08%
2008	9,223,861	9,017,000	97.76%	133,515	9,150,515	99.20%	285,753	3.10%
2007	9,383,698	9,212,620	98.18%	209,539	9,383,698	100.00%	255,647	2.72%
2006	9,053,217	8,888,230	98.18%	205,467	9,053,217	100.00%	264,235	2.92%

Source: County Auditor

Deerfield Township

Warren County, Ohio

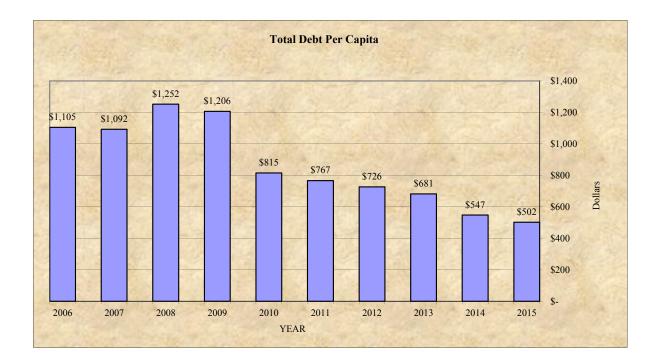
Ratio of Outstanding Debt to

Total Personal Income and Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Years

 Year	General Obligation Bonds	on Assessment]	Long-Term Total Notes Debt		Percer of Per- Inco		Per Capita		
2015	\$ 875,000	\$	-	\$	17,235,000	\$	18,110,000	1	.31 %	\$	502
2014	\$ 1,080,000	\$	75,000	\$	18,580,000	\$	19,735,000	1	.43 %	\$	547
2013	\$ 3,985,000	\$	245,000	\$	20,340,433	\$	24,570,433	1	.78 %	\$	681
2012	\$ 4,180,000	\$	405,000	\$	21,605,124	\$	26,190,124	1	.96 %	\$	726
2011	\$ 4,370,000	\$	560,000	\$	22,709,815	\$	27,639,815	2	.06 %	\$	767
2010	\$ 5,010,000	\$	710,000	\$	23,655,000	\$	29,375,000	2	.19 %	\$	815
2009	\$ 5,200,000	\$	855,000	\$	24,725,000	\$	30,780,000	4	.00 %	\$ 1	1,206
2008	\$ 5,200,000	\$	995,000	\$	25,755,000	\$	31,950,000	4	.15 %	\$ 1	1,252
2007	\$	\$	1,130,000	\$	26,740,000	\$	27,870,000	3	.62 %	\$ 1	1,092
2006	\$	\$	1,260,000	\$	26,935,000	\$	28,195,000	3	.66 %	\$ 1	1,105

Source: Township Fiscal Office



Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Eight Years(1)

Year	Population (2)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (3)	Gross Bonded Debt (4)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2015	36,059 a	\$ 2,873,190,112	\$ 875,000	0.03 %	24.27
2014	36,059 a	\$ 2,873,190,112	\$ 1,080,000	0.04 %	29.95
2013	36,059 a	\$ 2,822,784,510	\$ 3,985,000	0.14 %	110.51
2012	36,059 a	\$ 2,789,964,950	\$ 4,180,000	0.15 %	115.92
2011	36,059 a	\$ 2,861,999,930	\$ 4,370,000	0.15 %	121.19
2010	36,059 a	\$ 2,843,211,309	\$ 5,010,000	0.18 %	138.94
2009	25,515 b	\$ 2,843,400,123	\$ 5,200,000	0.18 %	203.80
2008	25,515 b	\$ 3,079,689,485	\$ 5,200,000	0.17 %	203.80

Sources:

- (1) No bonded debt prior to 2008
- (2) U. S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population.
 (a) 2010 Federal Census
 (b) 2000 Federal Census
- (3) Warren County Auditor
- (4) Includes all general obligation bonded debt with the exception of Special Assessment debt.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2015

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Township (1)	Amount Applicable to Township
Direct Debt General Obligation Bonds Long-Term Notes	\$ 875,000 17,235,000	100% 100%	\$ 875,000 17,235,000
Total Direct Debt	18,110,000		18,110,000
Overlapping Mason City School District	105,000,000 (2)	76.0%	79,800,000
Warren County	22,000,000 (2)	5.0%	1,100,000
Total Overlapping Debt	127,000,000		80,900,000
Total	\$ 145,110,000		\$ 99,010,000

Source: County Auditor

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the Township by its total assessed valuation.

(2) Estimated.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Total Assessed Property Value	\$ 1,021,210,970	\$ 1,021,210,970	\$ 1,002,117,290	\$ 989,343,720	\$ 1,011,589,620	\$ 999,933,690	\$ 1,008,491,340	\$ 1,075,294,030	\$ 1,070,129,855	\$ 1,062,076,153
Overall Legal Debt Limit (10 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	\$ 107,227,152	\$ 107,227,152	\$ 105,222,315	\$ 103,881,091	\$ 106,216,910	\$ 104,993,037	\$ 105,891,591	\$ 112,905,873	\$ 112,363,635	\$ 111,517,996
Total General Obligation Deb Outstanding	875,000	1,080,000	3,985,000	4,180,000	4,370,000	5,010,000	5,200,000	5,200,000	-	-
Less: General Debt Service Fund Balance		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	875,000	1,080,000	3,985,000	4,180,000	4,370,000	5,010,000	5,200,000	5,200,000		-
Legal Debt Margin Within 10 1/2 % Limitations	\$ 106,352,152	\$ 106,147,152	\$ 101,237,315	\$ 99,701,091	\$ 101,846,910	\$ 99,983,037	\$ 100,691,591	\$ 107,705,873	\$ 112,363,635	\$ 111,517,996
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	99.18%	98.99%	96.21%	95.98%	95.89%	95.23%	95.09%	95.39%	100.00%	100.00%
Unvoted Debt Limitation (5 ½ % of Assessed Valuation)	\$56,166,603	\$56,166,603	\$55,116,451	\$54,413,905	\$55,637,429	\$54,996,353	\$55,467,024	\$59,141,172	\$58,857,142	\$58,414,188
Total General Obligation Deb Outstanding	875,000	1,080,000	3,985,000	4,180,000	4,370,000	5,010,000	5,200,000	5,200,000	-	-
Less: General Debt Service Fund Balance										
Net Debt Within 5 1/2 % Limitations	875,000	1,080,000	3,985,000	4,180,000	4,370,000	5,010,000	5,200,000	5,200,000		
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin Within 5 1/2 % Limitations	\$ 55,291,603	\$ 55,086,603	\$ 51,131,451	\$ 50,233,905	\$ 51,267,429	\$ 49,986,353	\$ 50,267,024	\$ 53,941,172	\$ 58,857,142	\$ 58,414,188
Unvoted legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limitation	98.44%	98.08%	92.77%	92.32%	92.15%	90.89%	90.63%	91.21%	100.00%	100.00%
Country Country And Street of Theory Islands in Discouted Decounts										

Source: County Auditor and Township Financial Records

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Principal Employers Ranked by Number of Full-Time Employees

2015									
Employer	FTEs	Percentage of Total Employed In Warren County							
Well Point -Health Insurance	1,945	1.90%							
Macy's Credit and Customer Service -Financial Transactions Processing	1,800	1.76%							
Cengage Learning Inc. -Educational Support Services	556	0.54%							
General Revenue Corp -Financial Collections	349	0.54%							
Quest Diagnostics -Computer Systems Design	310	0.30%							
Down Lite International -Textile Product Mills	266	0.26%							
Parallon -Healthcare	250	0.16%							

Source: Warren County Office of Economic Development

Note - Comparative data for 2006 is not available. As such, only 2015 data is presented.

Deerfield Township

Warren County, Ohio

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (5)]	Personal Income Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Warren County Unemployment Rate (3)	N R	Median Value of esidential operty (1)	Total Assessed Property Value (4)
2015	36,059	\$ 1,439,367,103	\$	39,917	\$ 98,050	35.5	13,423	11,264	3.90%	\$	220,800	\$ 1,329,039,079
2014	36,059	\$ 1,458,583,443	\$	40,450	\$ 84,543	35.1	13,264	11,700	4.80%	\$	217,700	\$ 1,021,210,970
2013	36,059	\$ 1,384,016,538	\$	38,382	\$ 79,137	35.2	12,423	11,844	6.30%	\$	218,400	\$ 1,002,117,290
2012	36,059	\$ 1,319,218,515	\$	36,585	\$ 84,028	38.8	12,694	15,219	6.30%	\$	217,400	\$ 989,343,720
2011	36,059	\$ 1,294,304,054	\$	35,894	\$ 80,320	34.8	12,301	11,084	6.20%	\$	223,600	\$ 1,011,589,620
2010	36,059	\$ 1,339,159,142	\$	37,138	\$ 84,252	35.8	10,184	9,563	7.60%	\$	227,900	\$ 999,933,690
2009	25,515	\$ 769,991,670	\$	30,178	\$ 71,800	33.4	7,962	9,563	9.60%	\$	164,800	\$ 1,008,491,340
2008	25,515	\$ 769,991,670	\$	30,178	\$ 71,800	33.4	7,962	9,883	5.60%	\$	164,800	\$ 1,075,294,030
2007	25,515	\$ 769,991,670	\$	30,178	\$ 71,800	33.4	7,962	9,940	4.90%	\$	164,800	\$ 1,070,129,855
2006	25,515	\$ 769,991,670	\$	30,178	\$ 71,800	33.4	7,962	9,792	4.50%	\$	164,800	\$ 1,062,076,153

(1) Source: U. S. Census Bureau

(2) Source: Mason City School District and Kings Local School District (for 2011 and prior, enrollment includes Mason City School District only)

(3) Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services

(4) Source: County Auditor

(5) Total personal income is the computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio

Full-Time Equivalent Township Government Employees by Function/Program Last Nine Years (1)

Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government									
Trustees	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Fiscal	1.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	2.50	2.00	2.00
Finance	2.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	6.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Human Resources	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	5.00
Public Relations	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Public Safety									
Police	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Fire	60.50	60.50	60.50	60.50	60.50	65.50	102.50	78.50	76.50
Fire - Secretary - Other	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Cemetery	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Leisure Time Activities									
Parks	6.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Public Works	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Fotals:	119.00	117.50	117.00	117.00	117.50	125.00	161.00	136.50	139.00

Source: Township Fiscal Office Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time employee at year end. (Seasonal employees were not included).

(1) Information was not practical to obtain prior to 2007.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Nine Years (1)

Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government Board of Trustees									
Number of resolutions passed	82	65	74	48	57	63	96	106	7
Number of zoning docket items	13	9	9	40	14	5	12	23	/
Zoning Board of Appeals docket items	2	7	9	12	14	8	7	13	1
Fiscal Office									
Number of checks/ vouchers issued	1,839	1,812	1,771	1,899	1,855	1,911	1,998	2,259	2,04
Amount of checks written	\$10,924,225	\$10,932,406	\$10,233,942	\$9,117,668	\$9,560,558	\$8,460,956	\$9,154,851	\$11,592,841	\$10,207,103
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$1,638	\$5,730	\$9,159	\$12,908	\$12,421	\$40,546	\$241,805	\$172,021	\$769,999
Number of reciepts issued	969	1,066	905	1,241	1,189	1,213	1,065	877	86
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	AA2	AA2	AA2	AA2	AA2	AA2	AA2	A1	А
Health insurance costs vs General Fund expenditures %	10.90%	9.60%	8.04%	3.60%	3.90%	3.31%	5.03%	5.58%	5.589
General Fund receipts (cash basis in thousands)	\$5,298,033	\$8,419,928	\$7,798,294	\$6,782,852	\$6,084,326	\$3,073,704	\$5,924,230	\$4,448,082	\$4,184,765
General Fund expenditures (cash basis in thousands)	\$4,479,452	\$4,964,660	\$4,597,202	\$4,860,714	\$5,460,700	\$4,697,660	\$4,355,767	\$6,869,791	\$5,563,952
General Fund cash balances (in thousands)	\$11,051,793	\$10,233,212	\$10,010,779	\$6,809,687	\$4,887,548	\$4,263,922	\$5,869,306	\$4,300,843	\$6,722,553
Community Development			201			(22		205	
Number of permits issued	323	290	396	348	463	432	327	397	620 602 520
Revenue generated from permits	\$55,498	\$56,394	\$70,195	\$54,383	\$78,562	\$56,562	\$43,856	\$80,630	\$93,529
ublic Safety									
Fire									
EMS calls	2,807	2,532	2,473	2,533	2,238	2,386	2,288	1,959	2,013
Ambulance billing collections (net)	\$597,764	\$593,664	\$580,547	\$586,444	\$473,202	\$517,129	\$667,919	\$310,312	\$314,400
Fire calls	1,169	1,237	1,080	1,104	1,008	1,186	1,120	1,639	1,165
Fires with loss	24	93	22	22	142	29	26	37	38
Fires with losses exceeding \$10K	16	5	6	6	9	7	2	9	
Fire losses \$	\$198,700	\$352,250	\$406,850	\$369,939	\$338,855	\$8,744	\$207,650	\$2,288,550	\$371,304
Fire safety inspections	756	741	734	699	465	645	367	194	370
Cemetery									
Cemetery burials	128	127	118	114	124	137	130	147	124
Cemetery cremations	31	26	40	18	23	23	9	7	1
Cemetery sale of lots	134	119	162	107	56	60	170	162	150
Cemetery receipts	\$350,022	\$300,925	\$382,302	\$213,427	\$224,397	\$179,790	\$439,231	\$221,590	\$191,43
Conservation-Recreation									
Parks									
Shelter rentals	\$14,407	\$18,150	\$8,550	\$1,100	\$14,725	\$14,725	\$17,218	\$20,400	\$23,950
ublic Works									
Road salt applied (tons)	2,127	3,650	2,605	1,870	1,900	2,500	1,900	1,600	1,60
Asphalt used for street repairs (tons)	3,999	6,007	7,088	6,800	6,967	5,354	6,967	10,486	8,39
Gravel used for street repairs (tons)	355	298	47	310	180	173	180	121	12
Leaves collected and recycled (cubic yards)	990	1,094	1,800	1,110	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,30
Street repair (hours)	9,044	9,223	10,247	11,784	10,480	13,800	10,480	13,800	13,800

Source: Township Records (1) Information was not practical to obtain prior to 2007.

Deerfield Township Warren County, Ohio Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program Last Nine Years (1)

Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government									
Square Footage of Building	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400	13,400
Administrative Vehicles	4	4	5	5	5	8	8	8	8
Fire									
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	3
Square Footage of Building	31,283	31,283	21,283	21,283	21,283	22,640	22,640	22,640	21,283
Vehicles	27	27	25	25	25	22	22	22	19
Recreation									
Number of Parks	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	9	8
Number of Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3	1
Number of Baseball Diamonds	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	5
Number of Tot Lots	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2
Number of Soccer Fields	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	6
Vehicles	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	6	4
Public Works									
Streets Maintained (miles)	107	107	107	107	107	107	105	103	96
Service Vehicles	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	30	30

Source: Township Records

 $\label{eq:Note:1} \frac{Note:}{(1)} \ \ Information was not practical to obtain prior to 2007.$



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

DEERFIELD TOWNSHIP

WARREN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JULY 19, 2016

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